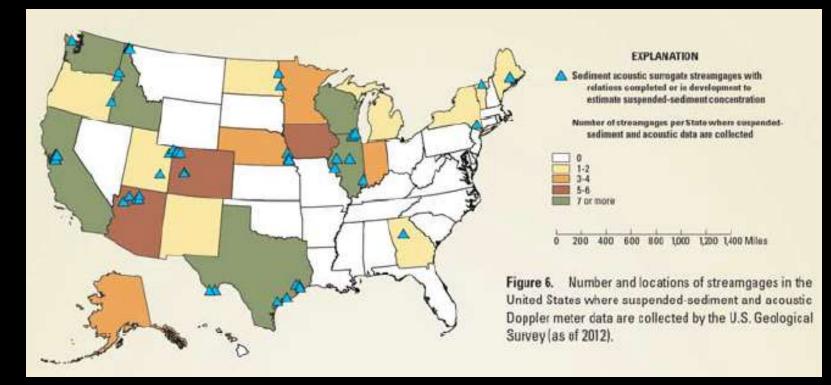


Real-Time Continuous Suspended Sediment Data in the Lower Columbia River



U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey Paul Diaz Jr Oregon Water Science Center

Imagine a real-time acoustic sediment network.....



Wood, M.S., 2014, Estimating suspended sediment in rivers using acoustic Doppler meters: U.S. Geological Survey Fact Sheet 2014-3038, 4 p.



Why Real-Time SSC Data is Needed

- Determine sediment loads
- Determine timing of sediment transport
- Define seasonal and event transport mechanisms

Sediment Effects

- Navigation
- Habitat restoration
- Beach restoration
- Reservoir/bay infilling
- Water Quality

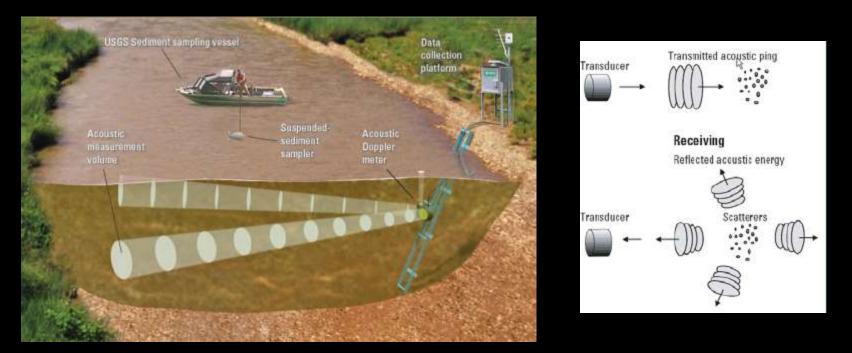


- ADVM's Deployed at Many Sites to Compute Discharge
- One Instrument, Lots of Uses:
 - Discharge
 - SSC
 - Sediment Flux
 - Velocity
 - Future Applications...
- Limited Instrument Fouling
- Limited Calibration Drift
- Large Measurement/Sample Volume
- Reduced Costs





- Transmit acoustic energy of known f (frequency)
- Measure shift in *f* from return signal to compute velocity
- Acoustic backscatter intensity is measured for QA purposes.





Images from Wood, M.S., Modified from Sontek

Acoustic Site Instrumentation

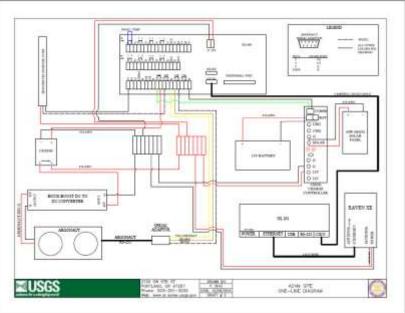
- Multi-cell configuration needed to compute SAC (sediment attenuation coefficient).
- Need <u>LOTS</u> of data transmitted to compute real-time
 - 20 SS values
 - 20 velocity values
 - 15 other

- Every Measurement Interval
- SDI-12 not sufficient
- Serial data
- Two way data communication.
- 12 volt DC to DC converters used to keep ADVM power constant.



Acoustic Site Instrumentation







Surrogate Acoustics Parameter Processing

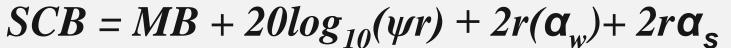
- Processing is Done Using SAID (Surrogate Analysis and Index Developer Tool)
 - Acoustic Parameter Processing
 - Raw Measured Acoustic Backscatter needs to be corrected for the effects of:
 - Beam Spreading
 - Water Absorption
 - Normalized Acoustic Parameters
 - SCB (sediment corrected backscatter)
 - SAC (sediment attenuation coefficient)
 - Data Transformations
 - Regression Models

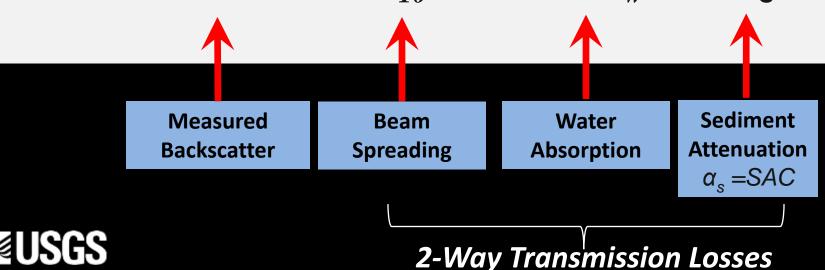


Surrogate Acoustic Parameter Processing

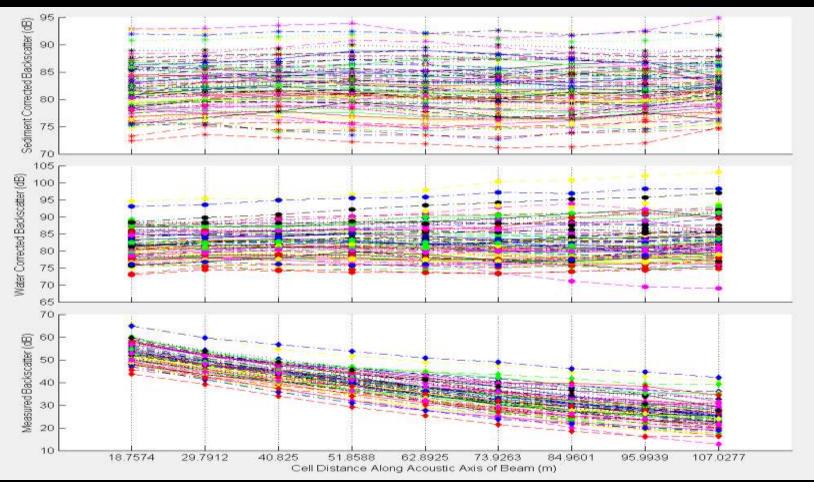
$$WCB = MB + 20\log_{10}(\psi r) + 2r(\alpha_w)$$

$SCB = WCB + 2r\alpha_s$





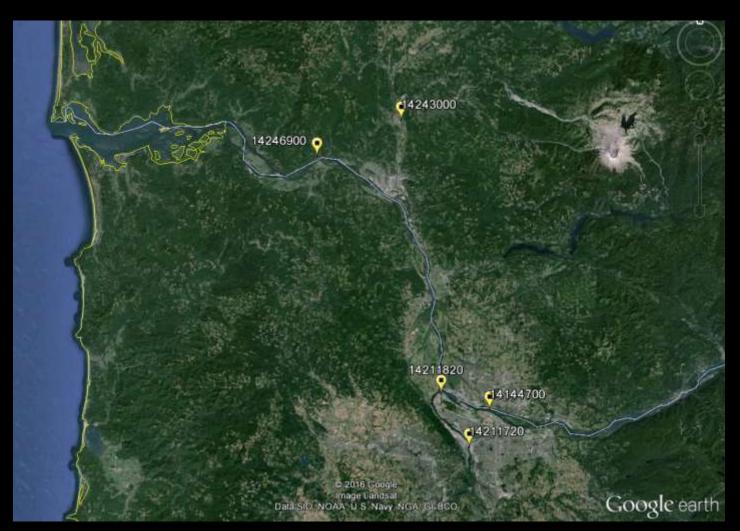
Surrogate Acoustic Parameter Processing





Signal Strength Cell Data output from SAID model Provisional, subject to revision.

Lower Columbia Acoustic Sites





14144700 Columbia at Vancouver, WA

- Existing NWS tide gage (I-5 bridge)
- NSIP funded in 2015 for discharge
- USACE funding for SSC data.
- Key point for Lower Columbia River (LCR) SSC budget
- New station installed on a USCG dolphin January 2016.
- Data collection commenced in winter 2016.
 USGS

14211720 Willamette @ Portland, OR

- Site being relocated in spring/summer 2016
- NSIP funded for discharge
- Key point for LCR SSC budget
- Ongoing sediment sampling funded by NAWQA.



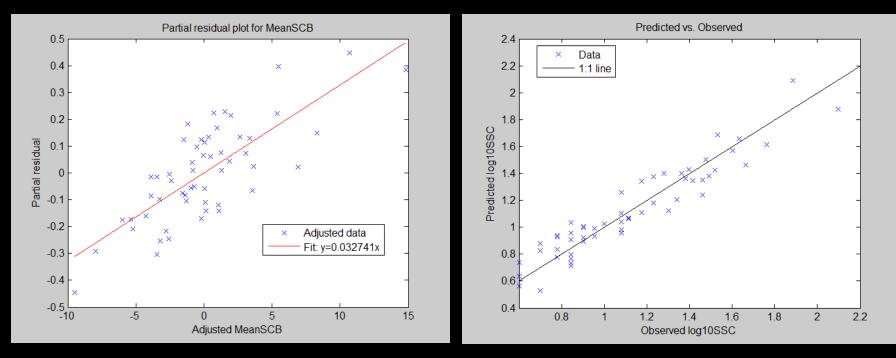
14246900

Columbia River @ Beaver Army Terminal nr Quincy, OR

- Used SAID Model
- Calibration Data 55 samples collected from WY 2009-2015
- Used Multi-linear Regression to predict SSC
- Predictor Variables Used:
 - SCB (Sediment Corrected Backscatter)
 - Discharge
 - Gage Height
- Model Results .89 R²



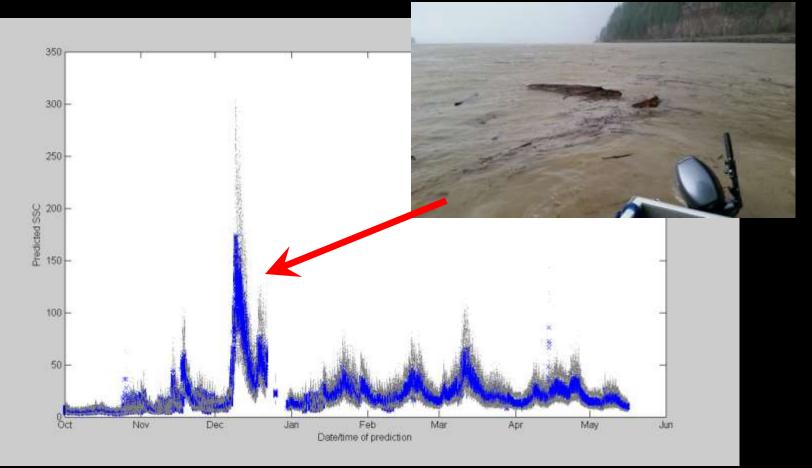
14246900 Columbia BAT Model Results



Statistics output from SAID model Provisional, subject to revision.



Time Series Data (WY 2016)





Time Series SSC output from SAID model Provisional, subject to revision.

Next Steps

- Install mechanism to compute real-time SCB from multi-cell backscatter data (Aquarius).
- Real-Time data on NWIS WEB
- Continue collecting SSC verification/calibration samples
- Develop Sediment Acoustic Model for Columbia Vancouver.
- Add additional sites:
 - LCR sites
 - Existing sites
 - Other



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 - Marc Landers (Federal Interagency Sedimentation Project Chief)
 - Molly Wood (USGS Office of Surface Water Sediment Lead)





