



# STREAKED HORNED LARK

Conservation  
of a  
threatened  
species in  
an industrial  
landscape



Cat Brown  
US Fish and Wildlife Service

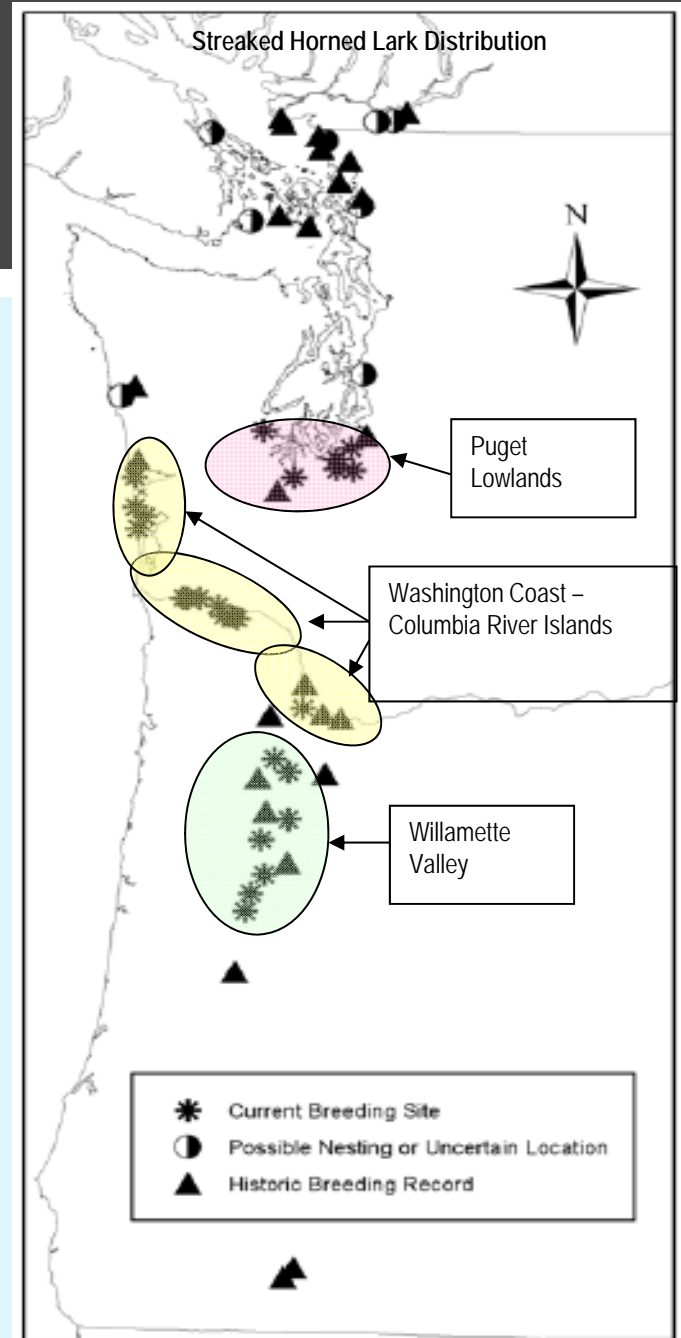
# HISTORICAL & CURRENT RANGE

## Historical Range:

- British Columbia, Canada
- Northern Puget trough
- San Juan Islands
- Puget lowlands
- WA coast and Columbia River Islands
- Oregon Coast
- Willamette Valley
- Rogue and Umpqua Valleys

## Current Range:

- Puget lowlands
- WA coast and Columbia River Islands
- Willamette Valley



# LARK HABITAT



- Large
- Flat
- Open, treeless
- Frequently disturbed, sparse vegetation, lots of open ground

# LARK HABITAT – THEN...

- **Willamette and Puget prairies**
- **Scoured floodplains and islands of the Columbia and Willamette Rivers**
- **Ocean beaches**





# LARK HABITAT – NOW...

- Airports
- Puget prairies
- WA coast\*
- Columbia River dredge spoil islands
- Willamette Valley agricultural lands



\* The only place where habitat is maintained by natural processes

# AIRPORTS



**Any place you can land a plane...**

# DREDGE SPOIL SITES



**Huge piles of sand in the Columbia River...**

# WILLAMETTE VALLEY AG LANDS



**Underperforming grass  
seed fields...**



**Gravel road margins**



# CURRENT POPULATION

Region	Number of Sites	Population Size
Puget Lowlands, WA (Olympia Airport, JBLM)	6	150-170
Washington coast and lower Columbia River islands (including sites in Portland)	~ 15	120-140
Willamette Valley (Airports, Wildlife Refuges, Ag Lands)	??	900-1300

**RANGEWIDE POPULATION ESTIMATE  $\leq$  2,000 BIRDS**

# FINAL LISTINGS 10/3/2013

**Action:**  
**List the streaked  
horned lark as  
Threatened**

**New regulation:**  
**50 CFR §17.11 List  
of Endangered and  
Threatened  
Wildlife**

**Action:**  
**Designate Critical  
Habitat**

**New regulation:**  
**50 CFR §17.95  
Critical Habitat –  
fish and wildlife**

**Action:**  
**Promulgate a  
Special Rule  
pursuant to section  
4(d)**

**New regulation:**  
**50 CFR §17.41  
Special Rules –  
Birds**

# IN A NORMAL LISTING...

- Find the few existing, high quality natural habitats that will form the core of the recovery effort
- Recovery = saving the last, best remaining habitats, and working to restore or recreate other suitable natural sites



**This model doesn't really work for larks**

# WHAT WILL RECOVERY LOOK LIKE FOR THE LARK?

- Restore some “natural” habitats (managed prairies and beaches)
- Work with what we have now – industrial and working lands that incidentally create habitat

# THE ARMY CORPS V. LARKS

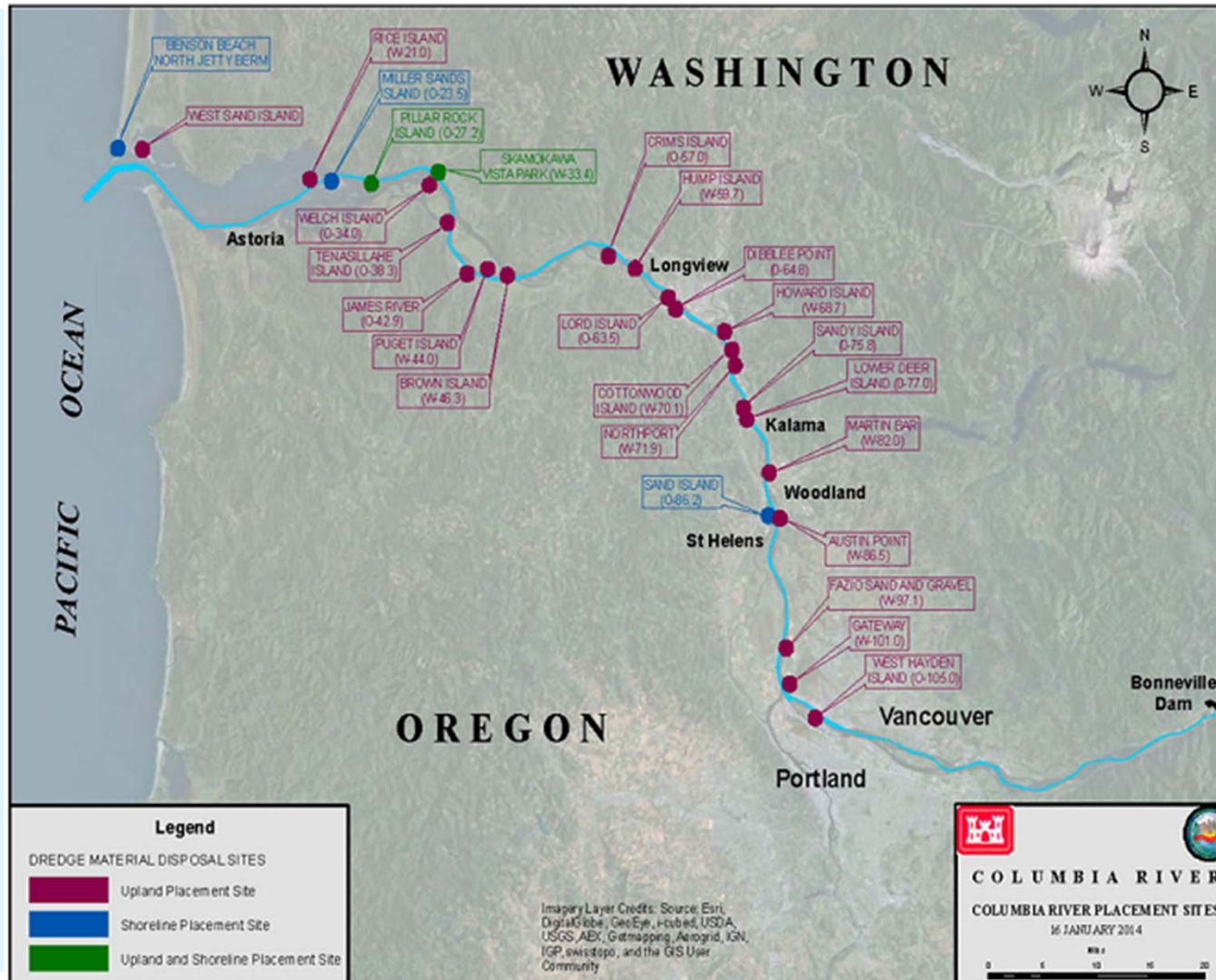
- US Army Corps of Engineers has been dredging the Columbia River navigation channel since 1884 with no consideration for streaked horned larks



- Currently ~61 breeding pairs and ~314 acres of habitat on the dredged material disposal network



# THE NETWORK



## SECTION 7 CONSULTATION

- The Corps must consult under section 7 of the Endangered Species Act for any actions that may affect the streaked horned lark
- Givens:
  - The channel must be dredged
  - Larks conservation must be part of the equation
- *MINDFUL dredge material placement*

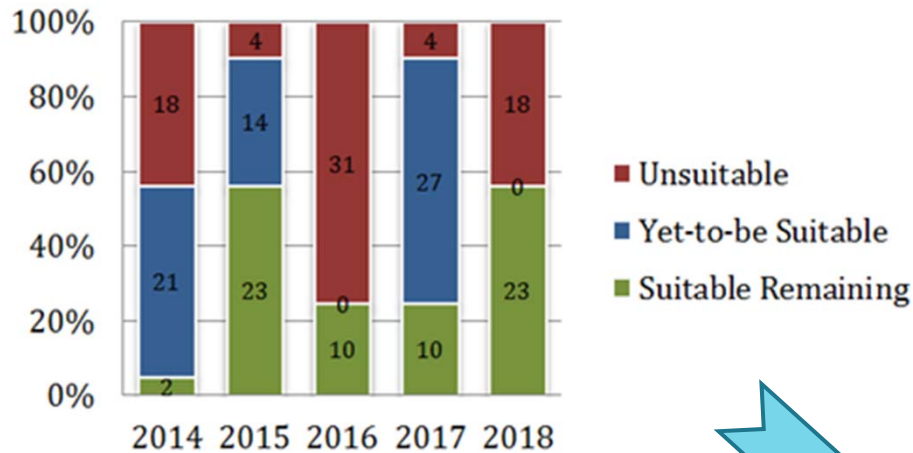
# UNDERSTANDING HABITAT DYNAMICS

- USFWS funded a recent analysis of lark habitat in the lower Columbia River to understand the progression from fresh deposition of material → suitable habitat → too vegetated for larks
- Use this info to inform the Corps' consultation

## 5-YEAR PLAN

- The 5-year plan directs dredge material deposition to maintain a ***shifting mosaic*** of suitable habitat in the Network:
- Deposit on only a portion of any occupied site in any year
- Place material after the breeding season, if feasible
- Sites slated for deposition in the breeding season will be modified before nesting begins to dissuade lark use (avoid creating habitat sinks)
- Maintain enough acreage of suitable habitat every year to support the  $\geq$  current population of larks

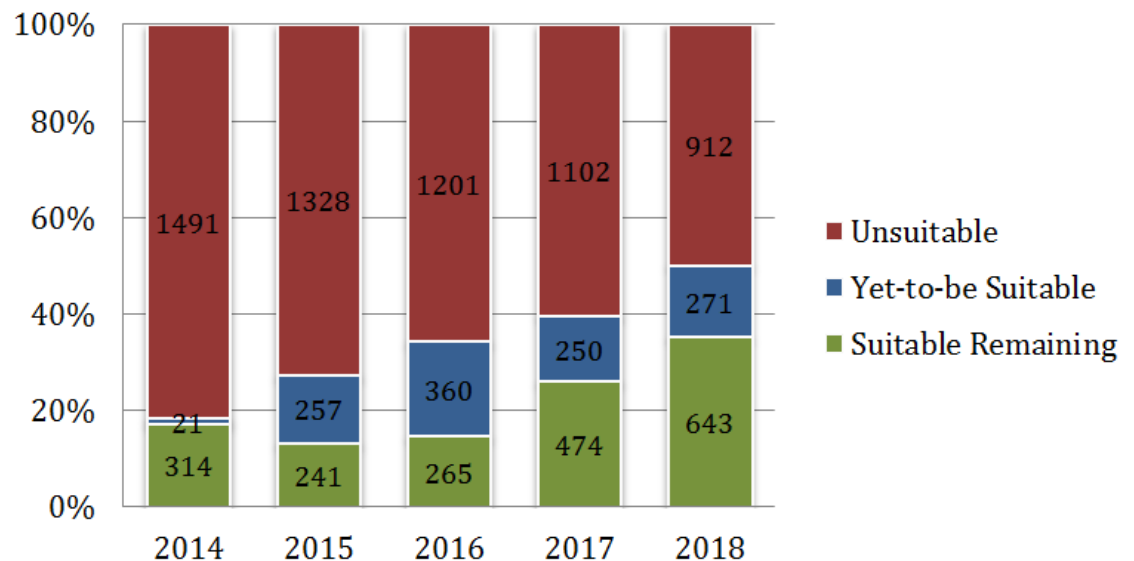
## Tenasillahe Island



Each site has an annual deposition plan

Deposition plan  
+ habitat succession  
modeling  
= projected habitat  
availability

## Network Total





# MONITOR AND ADAPT

- Comprehensive monitoring program to track habitat conditions and lark response
- At end of 5 years, projected ~100% increase in suitable habitat
  - From 314 acres in 2014 to 643 acres in 2018
  - → *More larks?*
- Use this info to inform the next consultation for future navigation channel dredging

# ROLL ON COLUMBIA RIVER LARKS!

