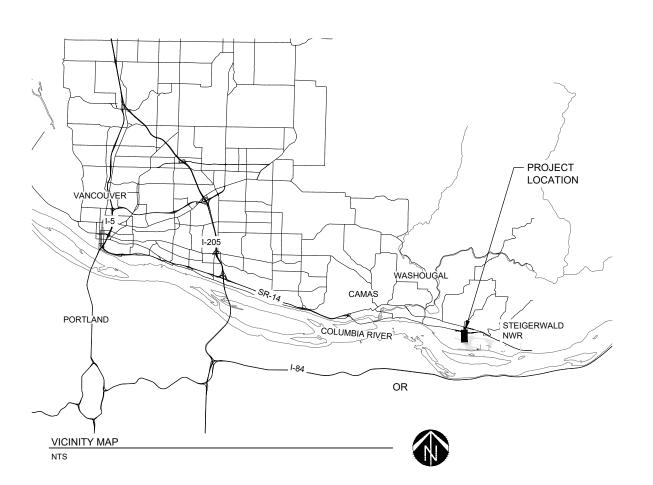
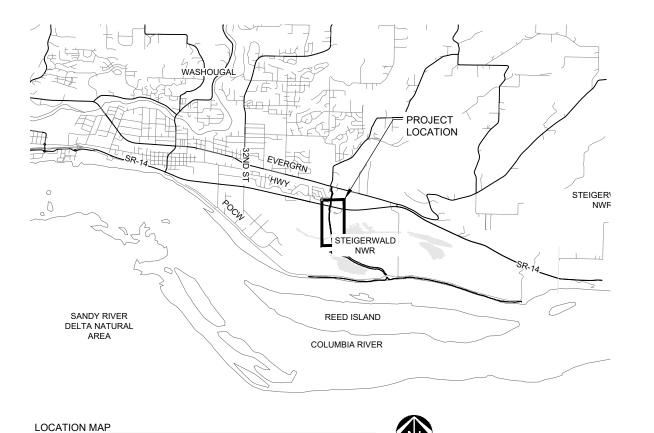
PLANS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF

GIBBONS CREEK ALLUVIAL FAN RESTORATION PROJECT

CLARK COUNTY, WASHINGTON





OWNER

LOWER COLUMBIA ESTUARY PARTNERSHIP

811 SW NAITO PARKWAY, SUITE 410 PORTLAND, OREGON 97204

(503) 226-1565

CHRIS COLLINS, PM

PROJECT ENGINEER

WOLF WATER RESOURCES, INC.

1001 SE WATER AVENUE, SUITE 180

PORTLAND, OREGON 97214

MARJORIE WOLFE, PE CURTIS LOEB, PE AMANDA JONES, PE

(503) 207- 6688

DARLENE SIEGEL, DPM

THIS PROJECT WAS DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE BPA HABITAT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM, PROGRAMMATIC BIOLOGICAL OPINION (HIP III)

UNOBSTRUCTED FISH PASSAGE REQUIRED BY OCT

SURVEYOR

STATEWIDE LAND SURVEYING INC.

(503) 665-7777

500 N 20TH ST.

GRESHAM, OREGON 97030

GREG ENGELGAU, MGR DAN HOEKSTRA, PLS

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CIVIL

GIBBONS CK ALLUVIAL FAN SITE PLAN C4.0 GIBBONS CK ALLUVIAL FAN WHS PLAN

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GIBBONS

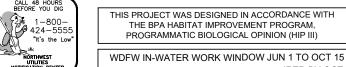
 Date
 Designed By

 5/1/2019
 AD

 Drawn By BS,RW,AD
 Checked By CL
 SCALE

COVER

G1.0



CLSM

CONC

NTS NWR OC OHWL CAST IRON CHANNEL **OVEREXC** CHNL.CH CENTERLINE PROP, (P) CONTROLLED LOW STRENGTH PIP MATERIAL CONCRETE POCW CONSTRUCTION CONSTR CORRUGATED POLYETHYLENE RCG CORRUGATED METAL PIPE CONTROL RFINE

CTRL CY CUBIC YARDS ROW DUCTILE IRON RM RR DTL DETAIL DEPT DEPARTMENT EXPANDED HABITAT (AREA) SHT **EXISTING** EXISTING GRADE/GROUND ELEV. EL **ELEVATION** STD **ESC EROSION AND SEDIMENT** SWLS TBD CONTROL FINISHED GRADE/GROUND TEMP FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY TESC FIS FRIENDS OF COLUMBIA RIVER

FOCG **GORGE** GRADE BREAK GIBBONS CREEK MOBILE ESTATE **GCMF** TOB HORIZONTAI HDPE HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE TOP HABITAT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM TYP INVERT ELEVATION UON LBS **POUNDS** USFWS ΙP LOW POIN LIVESTAKE MATERIAL VIF MATI MINIMUM MEAN HIGHER HIGH WATER

MEAN LOWER LOW WATER NOT AVAILABLE NOT IN CONTRACT NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM (1988) NOT TO SCALE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE ON CENTER ORDINARY HIGH WATER LINE

OWNERS PROJECT

OVER EXCAVATE

PROTECT IN PLACE

PROJECT MANAGER

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE

REED CANARY GRASS

PROPOSED

REINFORCED

RIGHT OF WAY

SQUARE FEET

SPECIFICATION

TO BE DEVELOPED

CREST ELEVATION

TEMPORARY EROSION

UPLAND HABITAT(AREA)

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

UNITED STATES FISH & WILDLIFE

WATER CONTROL STRUCTURE

AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

TEMPORARY MINIMUM LEVEE

RIVER MILE

RAILROAD

SHEET

STATION

THICK

TYPICAL

SERVICES

VERTICAL VERIFY IN FIELD

STANDARD

TEMPORARY

TOP OF BANK

TOF OF SLOPE

TOP OF SLOPE

REPRESENTATIVE, OWNER

PORT OF CAMAS-WASHOUGAL

STATEWIDE LAND SURVEYING

WSDOT TRANSPORTATION WSF WHS WOOD HABITAT STRUCTURE

WDFW

VEGETATION FENCE RAILROAD EDGE OF ASPHALT

ROAD/TRAIL STRUCTURE CULVERT PROPERTY BOUNDARY

REMOVE STRUCTURE TREE CANOPY

CENTERLINE STRIPING

COLUMBIA RIVER 2-YR FLOOD (EL 23.7)

COLUMBIA RIVER ORDINARY HIGH WATER

GIBBONS CREEK ORDINARY HIGH WATER

INTERPRETIVE SIGNAGE

____2 YR ____

0 п

POLE UTILITY

GENERAL NOTES

- PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK, CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH USFWS TO SUBMIT LIST OF PROPOSED EQUIPMENT AND FUELS MANAGEMENT PLAN TO PROJECT OWNER
- PROPERTY OWNERS IN THE WORK AREA INCLUDE USFWS. NO ACCESS TO ADJOINING PROPERTIES SHALL OCCUR WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL BY THE OWNER OR OPR.
- CONTRACTOR TO USE CAUTION AND APPROPRIATE PLANNING MOBILIZING AND DEMOBILIZING TO MINIMIZE IMPACTS AND SITE DISTURBANCE.
- CONSTRUCTION WORK SHALL CONFORM TO REGULATIONS SET BY LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL AGENCIES, INCLUDING THOSE IN PROJECT PERMIT APPROVALS.
- CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL CLEARING LIMITS WITH PROJECT ENGINEER PRIOR TO ANY
- PRIOR TO LEAVING SITE TO PREVENT SPREAD CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW ALL WASHINGTON STATE AND CLARK COUNTY LAWS ON NOXIOUS WEED CONTROL, SEE RCW 17.10.140, WAC CHAPTER 16-750 AND WAC CHAPTER 16-752.
- CONTRACTOR TO STAKE GRADING LIMITS IN THE FIELD AND VERIFY WITH ENGINEER BEFORE
- CONTRACTOR TO CALL FOR UTILITY LOCATE BEFORE ANY EXCAVATION OR CLEARING.
- INSTALL EXCLUSION FENCE AT REFUGE ACCESS LOCATIONS AND AS OTHERWISE NEEDED.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH USEWS TO CONFINE CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS WITHIN PERMANENT EASEMENTS, TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EASEMENTS, USFWS PROPERTY, OR PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY ONLY. IF AREAS OR FEATURES OUTSIDE DESIGNATED CONSTRUCTION ZONES SUSTAIN IMPACT FROM CONTRACTORS ACTIVITIES, CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE TO PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONDITION AT NO COST TO OWNER.
- 11. ALL CONSTRUCTION WORK AFFECTING AREAS BELOW MHHW MUST BE CONDUCTED DURING THE IN-WATER WORK WINDOW, UNLESS AN EXTENSION IS RECIEVED FROM THE WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE. THE IN-WATER WORK WINDOW FOR THE COLUMBIA RIVER AND GIBBONS CREEK IS: JUN 1 - OCT 15.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A COPY OF ALL PERMITS ONSITE AT ALL TIMES AND COMPLY WITH ALL CONDITIONS STIPULATED IN THE PERMITS.

EXISTING FEATURES LEGEND

WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF MINOR CONTOUR MAJOR CONTOUR

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION

POWER POLE STREET LIGHT <u></u> CTRL POINT

SIGN

POST

WSDOT ROW NOTES

- ALL WORKMANSHIP, MATERIALS, AND THE PROTECTION OF THE TRAVELING WITHIN THE WSDOT RIGHT OF WAY MUST CONFORM TO THE APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE 2018 EDITIONS OF:
- STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROAD, BRIDGE, AND MUNICIPLE CONSTRUCTION PUBLICATION NUMBER M 41-10
- STANDARD PLANS PUBLICATION NUMBER M 21-01
- MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD) AS APPROVED BY WSDOT -HTTP://WWW.WSDOT.WA.GOV/PUBLICATIONS/MANUALS/M24-01.HTM
- QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LIST (QPL) HTTP://WSDOT.WA.GOV/BUSINESS/MATERIALSLAB/QPL.HTM
- ALL EROSION CONTROL INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON EROSION PREVENTION & SEDIMENT CONTROL TECHNICAL GUIDANCE HANDBOOK.
- COST ASSOCIATED WITH IMPLEMENTATION AND MAINTAINING OF TRAFFIC CONTROL, SIGNAGE, OR DEVICES SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.

RARE PLANT COMMUNITIES

RARE PLANT COMMUNITIES OUTSIDE OF CONSTRUCTION LIMITS, AS IDENTIFIED BY USFS REFUGE STAFF, WILL BE PROTECTED WITH ORANGE FENCING.

PROPOSED FEATURES LEGEND

TREE PROTECTION FLAGGING _____ LIMIT OF WORK (APPROXIMATE) WORK ACCESS

SEEDING AREA

STAGING AREA

WHS TYPE 1 WHS TYPE 5 WHS TYPE 11 WHS TYPE 12

WHS TYPE 13 BNSF SALVAGED LOGS

FLOOD LEVEL/TIDAL DATUM

FEMA BASE FLOOD ELEV (100-YR)

COLUMBIA 2-YEAR WATER LEVEL

LEVEE INTERIOR 100-YEAR WATER LEVEL

COLUMBIA PEAK 1996 FLOOD

REGULATORY OHW

TYPICAL SUMMER

PROJECT DATUM (NAVD88)

EROSION CONTROL LEGEND

 \rightarrow

WATTLE

TURBIDITY CURTAIN

EXCLUSION ZONE FENCE

DIRECTION OF FLOW

TREE PROTECTION FLAGGING



Estuary Partnership

CREEK **GIBBONS**

REVISION NUMBER /1/2019 SCALE

LOCATION

RM 125.5, 127.7

RM 125

ALL

RM 123

ALL

RM 125

ALL

SOURCE

FIS 2012

ESA 2016 (WSDOT MEMO)

USACE 2017

LCEP 2014 (ERTG SBU BASIS)

USACE 2012

SITE OBSERV

NA

GENERAL NOTES & **LEGEND**

20160012

WDFW IN-WATER WORK WINDOW JUN 1 TO OCT 15 UNOBSTRUCTED FISH PASSAGE REQUIRED BY OCT

ELEV

(FT NAVD88)

35.5-35.9

32-34

26.6

23.7

22.4

5 - 10

DOCUMENTATION: TO BE POSTED ONSITE BY THE CONTRACTOR IN A LOCATION VISIBLE TO THE PUBLIC.

- A) NAME(S), PHONE NUMBER(S), AND ADDRESS(ES) OF THE PERSON(S) RESPONSIBLE FOR OVERSIGHT.
- B) A DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS THAT WILL BE USED, INCLUDING INVENTORY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING PROCEDURES
- C) PROCEDURES TO CONTAIN AND CONTROL A SPILL OF ANY HAZARDOUS MATERIAL GENERATED, USED OR STORED ON-SITE, INCLUDING NOTIFICATION OF PROPER AUTHORITIES.
- D) A STANDING ORDER TO CEASE WORK IN THE EVENT OF HIGH FLOWS EXCEPT AS NECESSARY TO MINIMIZE RESOURCE DAMAGE (ABOVE THOSE ADDRESSED IN THE DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION PLANS) OR EXCEEDANCE OF TAKE OR WATER QUALITY LIMITATIONS.

SITE PREPARATION

- 1) SITE LAYOUT AND FLAGGING: PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE ACTION AREA WILL BE CLEARLY FLAGGED TO IDENTIFY THE FOLLOWING:
 - A) SENSITIVE RESOURCE AREAS, SUCH AS AREAS BELOW ORDINARY HIGH WATER, SPAWNING AREAS, SPRINGS, AND WETLANDS;
 - B) EQUIPMENT ENTRY AND EXIT POINTS;
 - C) ROAD AND STREAM CROSSING ALIGNMENTS;
 - D) STAGING, STORAGE, AND STOCKPILE AREAS; AND
 - E) NO-SPRAY AREAS AND BUFFERS.

2) TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS:

- A) EXISTING ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS WILL BE PREFERENTIALLY USED WHENEVER REASONABLE. THE NUMBER AND LENGTH OF TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS THROUGH RIPARIAN AREAS AND FLOOD PLAINS WILL BE MINIMIZED TO LESSEN SOIL DISTURBANCE AND COMPACTION. AND IMPACTS TO VEGETATION.
- B) TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS WILL NOT BE BUILT ON SLOPES WHERE GRADE, SOIL, OR OTHER FEATURES SUGGEST LIKELIHOOD OF EXCESSIVE EROSION OR FAILURE. IF SLOPES ARE STEEPER THAN 30%, THEN THE ROAD WILL BE DESIGNED BY A CIVIL ENGINEER WITH EXPERIENCE IN STEEP ROAD DESIGN.
- C) THE REMOVAL OF RIPARIAN VEGETATION DURING CONSTRUCTION OF TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS WILL BE MINIMIZED. WHEN TEMPORARY VEGETATION REMOVAL IS REQUIRED. VEGETATION WILL BE CUT AT GROUND LEVEL (NOT GRUBBED).
- D) AT PROJECT COMPLETION, ALL TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS AND PATHS WILL BE OBLITERATED, AND THE SOIL WILL BE STABILIZED AND RE-VEGETATED. ROAD AND PATH OBLITERATION REFERS TO THE MOST COMPREHENSIVE DEGREE OF DECOMMISSIONING AND INVOLVES DE-COMPACTING THE SURFACE AND DITCH, PULLING THE FILL MATERIAL ONTO THE RUNNING SURFACE, AND RESHAPING TO MATCH THE
- E) TEMPORARY ROADS AND PATHS IN WET AREAS OR AREAS PRONE TO FLOODING WILL BE OBLITERATED BY THE END OF THE IN-WATER WORK WINDOW.

3) TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS:

- A) EXISTING STREAM CROSSINGS WILL BE PREFERENTIALLY USED WHENEVER REASONABLE, AND THE NUMBER OF TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS WILL BE MINIMIZED.
- B) TEMPORARY BRIDGES AND CULVERTS WILL BE INSTALLED TO ALLOW FOR EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE CROSSING OVER PERENNIAL STREAMS DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- C) EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES WILL CROSS THE STREAM IN THE WET ONLY WHERE:
 - . THE STREAMBED IS BEDROCK; OR
 - II. MATS OR OFF-SITE LOGS ARE PLACED IN THE STREAM AND USED AS A CROSSING.
- D) VEHICLES AND MACHINERY WILL CROSS STREAMS AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE MAIN CHANNEL WHEREVER POSSIBLE
- E) THE LOCATION OF THE TEMPORARY CROSSING WILL AVOID AREAS THAT MAY INCREASE THE RISK OF CHANNEL RE-ROUTING OR
- F) POTENTIAL SPAWNING HABITAT (I.E., POOL TAILOUTS) AND POOLS WILL BE AVOIDED TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE.
- G) NO STREAM CROSSINGS WILL OCCUR AT ACTIVE SPAWNING SITES, WHEN HOLDING ADULT LISTED FISH ARE PRESENT, OR WHEN EGGS OR ALEVINS ARE IN THE GRAVEL. THE APPROPRIATE STATE FISH AND WILDLIFE AGENCY WILL BE CONTACTED FOR SPECIFIC TIMING INFO.
- H) AFTER PROJECT COMPLETION, TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS WILL BE OBLITERATED AND THE STREAM CHANNEL AND BANKS

4) STAGING, STORAGE, AND STOCKPILE AREAS:

- A) STAGING AREAS (USED FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT STORAGE, VEHICLE STORAGE, FUELING, SERVICING, AND HAZARDOUS MATERIAL STORAGE) WILL BE 150 FEET OR MORE FROM ANY NATURAL WATER BODY OR WETLAND, OR ON AN ADJACENT, ESTABLISHED ROAD AREA IN A LOCATION AND MANNER THAT WILL PRECLUDE EROSION INTO OR CONTAMINATION OF THE STREAM OR FLOODPLAIN.
- B) NATURAL MATERIALS USED FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF AQUATIC RESTORATION, SUCH AS LARGE WOOD, GRAVEL, AND BOULDERS, MAY BE STAGED WITHIN THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.
- C) ANY LARGE WOOD, TOPSOIL, AND NATIVE CHANNEL MATERIAL DISPLACED BY CONSTRUCTION WILL BE STOCKPILED FOR USE DURING SITE RESTORATION AT A SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED AND FLAGGED AREA
- D) ANY MATERIAL NOT USED IN RESTORATION, AND NOT NATIVE TO THE FLOODPLAIN, WILL BE REMOVED TO A LOCATION OUTSIDE OF THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN FOR DISPOSAL.
- 5) EQUIPMENT: MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES WILL BE SELECTED, OPERATED, AND MAINTAINED IN A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES ADVERSE IMPACTS ON THE ENVIRONMENT (E.G., MINIMALLY-SIZED, LOW PRESSURE TIRES: MINIMAL HARD-TURN PATHS FOR TRACKED VEHICLES:
- TEMPORARY MATS OR PLATES WITHIN WET AREAS OR ON SENSITIVE SOILS). ALL VEHICLES AND OTHER MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT WILL BE:

 A) STORED, FUELED, AND MAINTAINED IN A VEHICLE STAGNING AREA PLACED 150 FEET OR MORE FROM ANY NATURAL WATER BODY OR
 WETI AND OR ON AN ADJACENT ESTABLISHED ROAD AREA.
 - B) REFUELED IN A VEHICLE STAGING AREA PLACED 150 FEET OR MORE FROM A NATURAL WATERBODY OR WETLAND, OR IN AN ISOLATED HARD ZONE, SUCH AS A PAVED PARKING LOT OR ADJACENT, ESTABLISHED ROAD (THIS MEASURE APPLIES ONLY TO GAS-POWERED EQUIPMENT WITH TANKS LARGER THAN 5 GALLONS);
- C) BIODEGRADABLE LUBRICANTS AND FLUIDS SHOULD BE USED, IF POSSIBLE, ON EQUIPMENT OPERATING IN AND ADJACENT TO THE STREAM CHANNEL AND LIVE WATER
- D) INSPECTED DAILY FOR FLUID LEAKS BEFORE LEAVING THE VEHICLE STAGING AREA FOR OPERATION WITHIN 150 FEET OF ANY NATURAL WATER BODY OR WETI AND: AND
- E) THOROUGHLY CLEANED BEFORE OPERATION BELOW ORDINARY HIGH WATER, AND AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY DURING OPERATION, TO REMAIN GREASE FREE.
- 6) EROSION CONTROL: EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE PREPARED AND CARRIED OUT, COMMENSURATE IN SCOPE WITH THE ACTION, THAT MAY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:
 - A) TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS.
 - I. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROLS WILL BE IN PLACE BEFORE ANY SIGNIFICANT ALTERATION OF THE ACTION SITE, AND APPROPRIATELY INSTALLED DOWN SLOPE OF PROJECT ACTIVITY WITHIN THE RIPARIAN BUFFER AREA UNTIL SITE REHABILITATION IS COMPLETE.
 - II. IF THERE IS A POTENTIAL FOR ERODED SEDIMENT TO ENTER THE STREAM, SEDIMENT BARRIERS WILL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED FOR THE DURATION OF PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION.
 - III. TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MAY INCLUDE FIBER WATTLES, SILT FENCES, JUTE MATTING, WOOD FIBER MULCH AND SOIL BINDER, OR GEOTEXTILES AND GEOSYNTHETIC FABRIC.
 - IV. SOIL STABILIZATION UTILIZING WOOD FIBER MULCH AND TACKIFIER (HYDRO-APPLIED) MAY BE USED TO REDUCE EROSION OF BARE SOIL IF THE MATERIALS ARE NOXIOUS WEED FREE AND NONTOXIC TO AQUATIC AND TERRESTRIAL ANIMALS, SOIL MICROORGANISMS. AND VEGETATION.
 - V. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM EROSION CONTROLS ONCE IT HAS REACHED 1/3 OF THE EXPOSED HEIGHT OF THE CONTROL. VI. ONCE THE SITE IS STABILIZED AFTER CONSTRUCTION, TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE REMOVED.
 - B) EMERGENCY EROSION CONTROLS. THE FOLLOWING MATERIALS FOR EMERGENCY EROSION CONTROL WILL BE AVAILABLE AT THE WORK SITE.
 - SUPPLY OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MATERIALS; AND AN OIL-ABSORBING FLOATING BOOM WHENEVER SURFACE WATER IS PRESENT

- 7) TIMING OF IN-WATER WORK: APPROPRIATE STATE (OREGON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE (ODFW), WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE (WDFW), IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME (IDFG), MONTANA FISH WILDLIFE AND PARKS (MFWP) GUIDELINES FOR TIMING OF IN-WATER WORK WINDOWS (IWW) WILL BE FOLLOWED.
 - A) BULL TROUT WHILE UTILIZING THE APPROPRIATE STATE DESIGNATED IN-WATER WORK PERIOD WILL LESSEN THE RISK TO BULL TROUT, THIS ALONE MAY NOT BE SUFFICIENT TO ADEQUATELY PROTECT LOCAL BULL TROUT POPULATIONS. THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE IF WORK IS OCCURRING IN SPAWNING AND REARING AREAS BECAUSE EGGS, ALEVIN, AND FRY ARE IN THE SUBSTRATE OR CLOSELY ASSOCIATED HABITATS NEARLY YEAR ROUND. SOME AREAS MAY NOT HAVE DESIGNATED IN-WATER WORK WINDOWS FOR BULL TROUT OF IF THEY DO, THEY MAN CONFLICT WITH WORK WINDOWS FOR SALMON AND STEELHEAD. IF THIS IS THE CASE, OR IF PROPOSED WORK IS TO OCCUR WITHIN BULL TROUT SPAWNING AND REARING HABITATS, PROJECT PROPONENTS WILL CONTACT THE APPROPRIATE USFWS FIELD OFFICE (SEE APPENDIX B IN THIS BO) TO INSURE THAT ALL REASONABLE IMPLEMENTATION MEASURES ARE CONSIDERED AND AN APPROPRIATE IN-WATER WORK WINDOW IS BEING USED TO MINIMIZE PROJECT EFFECTS.
 - B) LAMPREY THE PROJECT SPONSOR AND/OR THEIR CONTRACTORS WILL AVOID WORKING IN STREAM OR RIVER CHANNELS THAT CONTAIN PACIFIC LAMPREY FROM MARCH 1 TO JULY 1 IN LOW TO MID ELEVATION REACHES (<5,000 FEET). IN HIGH ELEVATION REACHES(>5,000 FEET), THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL AVOID WORKING IN STREAM OR RIVER CHANNELS FROM MARCH 1 TO AUGUST 1. IF EITHER TIMEFRAME IS INCOMPATIBLE WITH THE OTHER OBJECTIVES, THE AREA WILL BE SURVEYED FOR NESTS AND LAMPREY PRESENCE, AND AVOIDED IF POSSIBLE. IF LAMPREYS ARE KNOW TO EXIST, THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL UTILIZE DE-WATERING AND SALVAGE PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN US FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE (2010).
 - C) EXCEPTIONS TO ODFW, WDFW, MFWP, OR IDFG IN-WATER WORK WINDOWS WILL BE REQUESTED FROM NMFS AND THE FWS. AN IWW VARIANCE REQUEST (PRE-COORDINATED WITH STAFF BIOLOGISTS) WILL BE E-MAILED FROM AN APPROPRIATE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ACTION AGENCY TO THE NMFS HABITAT BRANCH CHIEF AND THE FWS FIELD OFFICE SUPERVISOR FOR THE PROJECT AREA. WORK WILL NOT PROCEED OUTSIDE THE IWW UNTIL THE EXCEPTION IS APPROVED BY E-MAILS FROM NMFS AND/OR THE FWS.
- 8) DUST ABATEMENT: THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE DUST CONTROL MEASURES (IF NECESSARY) BY CONSIDERING SOIL TYPE, EQUIPMENT USAGE, PREVAILING WIND DIRECTION, AND THE EFFECTS CAUSED BY OTHER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. IN ADDITION, THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA WILL BE FOLLOWED:
 - A) WORK WILL BE SEQUENCED AND SCHEDULED TO REDUCE EXPOSED BARE SOIL SUBJECT TO WIND EROSION.
 - B) DUST-ABATEMENT ADDITIVES AND STABILIZATION CHEMICALS (TYPICALLY MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE, CALCIUM CHLORIDE SALTS, OR LIGNINSULFONATE) WILL NOT BE APPLIED WITHIN 25 FEET OF WATER OR A STREAM CHANNEL AND WILL BE APPLIED SO AS TO MINIMIZE THE LIKELIHOOD THAT THEY WILL ENTER STREAMS. APPLICATIONS OF LIGNINSULFONATE WILL BE LIMITED TO A MAXIMUM RATE OF 0.5 GALLONS PER SQUARE YARD OF ROAD SURFACE, ASSUMING A 50:50 (LIGNINSULFONATE TO WATER) SOLUTION.
 - C) APPLICATION OF DUST ABATEMENT CHEMICALS WILL BE AVOIDED DURING OR JUST BEFORE WET WEATHER, AND AT STREAM CROSSINGS OR OTHER AREAS THAT COULD RESULT IN UNFILTERED DELIVERY OF THE DUST ABATEMENT MATERIALS TO A WATERBODY (TYPICALLY THESE WOULD BE AREAS WITHIN 25 FEET OF A WATERBODY OR STREAM CHANNEL; DISTANCES MAY BE GREATER WHERE VEGETATION IS SPARSE OR SLOPES ARE STEEP).
 - D) SPILL CONTAINMENT EQUIPMENT WILL BE AVAILABLE DURING APPLICATION OF DUST ABATEMENT CHEMICALS.
 - E) PETROLEUM-BASED PRODUCTS WILL NOT BE USED FOR DUST ABATEMENT.
- 9) SPILL PREVENTION, CONTROL, AND COUNTER MEASURES: THE USE OF MECHANIZED MACHINERY INCREASES THE RISK FOR ACCIDENTAL SPILLS OF FUEL, LUBRICANTS, HYDRAULIC FLUID, OR OTHER CONTAMINANTS INTO THE RIPARIAN ZONE OR DIRECTLY INTO THE WATER. ADDITIONALLY, UNCURED CONCRETE AND FORM MATERIALS ADJACENT TO THE ACTIVE STREAM CHANNEL MAY RESULT IN ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGE INTO THE WATER. THESE CONTAMINANTS CAN DEGRADE HABITAT, AND INJURE OR KILL AQUATIC FOOD ORGANISMS AND ESA-LISTED SPECIES. THE PROJECT SPONSOR WILL ADHERE TO THE FOLLOWING MEASURES:
 - A) A DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TO BE USED (INVENTORY & STORAGE) AND HANDLING PROCEDURES WILL BE AVAILABLE ON-SITE.
 - B) WRITTEN PROCEDURES FOR NOTIFYING ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE AGENCIES WILL BE POSTED AT THE WORK SITE.
 - C) SPILL CONTAINMENT KITS (INCLUDING INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL) ADEQUATE FOR THE TYPES AND QUANTITY OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS USED AT THE SITE WILL BE AVAILABLE AT THE WORK SITE.
 - D) WORKERS WILL BE TRAINED IN SPILL CONTAINMENT PROCEDURES AND WILL BE INFORMED OF THE LOCATION OF SPILL CONTAINMENT KITS.
 - E) ANY WASTE LIQUIDS GENERATED AT THE STAGING AREAS WILL BE TEMPORARILY STORED UNDER AN IMPERVIOUS COVER, SUCH AS A TARPAULIN, UNTIL THEY CAN BE PROPERLY TRANSPORTED TO AND DISPOSED OF AT A FACILITY THAT IS APPROVED FOR RECEIPT OF HAZARDOLIS MATERIALS.
- 10) INVASIVE SPECIES EQUIPMENT CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE: THE FOLLOWING MEASURES WILL BE FOLLOWED TO AVOID INTRODUCTION OF INVASIVE PLANTS AND NOXIOUS WEEDS INTO PROJECT AREAS:
 - A) PRIOR TO ENTERING THE SITE, ALL VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT WILL BE POWER WASHED, ALLOWED TO FULLY DRY, AND INSPECTED TO MAKE SURE NO PLANTS, SOIL, OR OTHER ORGANIC MATERIAL ADHERES TO THE SURFACE.
 - B) WATERCRAFT, WADERS, BOOTS, AND ANY OTHER GEAR TO BE USED IN OR NEAR WATER WILL BE INSPECTED FOR AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES. WADING BOOTS WITH FELT SOLES ARE NOT TO BE USED DUE TO THEIR PROPENSITY FOR AIDING IN THE TRANSFER OF INVASIVE SPECIES.





Estuary Partnership ESTORATION PRO

CREEK

BBONS

CONSER-VATION MEASURES

G1.3

WORK AREA ISOLATION AND FISH SALVAGE

ANY WORK AREA WITHIN THE WETTED CHANNEL WILL BE ISOLATED FROM THE ACTIVE STREAM WHENEVER ESA LISTED FISH ARE REASONABLY CERTAIN TO BE PRESENT, OR IF THE WORK AREA IS LESS THAN 300-FEET UPSTREAM FROM KNOWN SPAWNING HABITATS. WHEN WORK AREA ISOLATION IS REQUIRED, DESIGN PLANS WILL INCLUDE ALL ISOLATION ELEMENTS, FISH RELEASE AREAS, AND, WHEN A PUMP IS USED TO DE-WATER THE ISOLATION AREA AND FISH ARE PRESENT, A FISH SCREEN THAT MEETS NMFS'S FISH SCREEN CRITERIA (NMFS 2011, OR MOST CURRENT). WORK AREA ISOLATION AND FISH CAPTURE ACTIVITIES WILL OCCUR DURING PERIODS OF THE COOLEST AIR AND WATER TEMPERATURES POSSIBLE, NORMALLY EARLY IN THE MORNING VERSUS LATE IN THE DAY, AND DURING CONDITIONS APPROPRIATE TO MINIMIZE STRESS AND DEATH OF SPECIES PRESENT.

FOR SALVAGE OPERATIONS IN KNOWN BULL TROUT SPAWNING AND REARING HABITAT, ELECTRO-FISHING SHALL ONLY OCCUR FROM MAY 01 TO JUL 31. NO ELECTRO-FISHING WILL OCCUR IN ANY BULL TROUT OCCUPIED HABITAT AFTER AUG 15. BULL TROUT ARE VERY TEMPERATURE SENSITIVE AND GENERALLY SHOULD NOT BE ELECTRO-SHOCKED OR OTHERWISE HANDLED WHEN TEMPERATURES EXCEED 15 DEGREES CELSIUS. SALVAGE ACTIVITIES SHOULD TAKE PLACE DURING PERIODS OF THE COOLEST AIR AND WATER TEMPERATURES POSSIBLE, NORMALLY EARLY IN THE MORNING VERSUS LATE IN THE DAY, AND DURING CONDITIONS APPROPRIATE TO MINIMIZE STRESS TO FISH SPECIES PRESENT.

SALVAGE OPERATIONS WILL FOLLOW THE ORDERING, METHODOLOGIES, AND CONSERVATION MEASURES SPECIFIED BELOW IN STEPS 1 THROUGH 6. STEPS 1 AND 2 WILL BE IMPLEMENTED FOR ALL PROJECTS WHERE WORK AREA ISOLATION IS NECESSARY ACCORDING TO CONDITIONS ABOVE. ELECTRO-FISHING (STEP 3) CAN BE IMPLEMENTED TO ENSURE ALL FISH HAVE BEEN REMOVED FOLLOWING STEPS 1 AND 2, OR WHEN OTHER MEANS OF FISH CAPTURE MAY NOT BE FEASIBLE OR EFFECTIVE. DE-WATERING AND RE-WATERING (STEPS 4 AND 5) WILL BE IMPLEMENTED UNLESS WETTED IN-STREAM WORK IS DEEMED TO BE MINIMALLY HARMFUL TO FISH, AND IS BENEFICIAL TO OTHER AQUATIC SPECIES. DE-WATERING WILL NOT BE CONDUCTED IN AREAS KNOWN TO BE OCCUPIED BY LAMPREY, UNLESS LAMPREYS ARE SALVAGED USING GUIDANCE SET FORTH IN US FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE (2010).

) ISOLATE

- A) BLOCK NETS WILL BE INSTALLED AT UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM LOCATIONS AND MAINTAINED IN A SECURED POSITION TO EXCLUDE FISH FROM ENTERING THE PROJECT AREA.
- B) BLOCK NETS WILL BE SECURED TO THE STREAM CHANNEL BED AND BANKS UNTIL FISH CAPTURE AND TRANSPORT ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETE.
 BLOCK NETS MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT TO EXCLUDE FISH.
- C) IF BLOCK NETS REMAIN IN PLACE MORE THAN ONE DAY, THE NETS WILL BE MONITORED AT LEAST DAILY TO ENSURE THEY ARE SECURED TO THE BANKS AND FREE OF ORGANIC ACCUMULATION. IF THE PROJECT IS WITHIN BULL TROUT SPAWNING AND REARING HABITAT, THE BLOCK NETS MUST BE CHECKED EVERY FOUR HOURS FOR FISH IMPINGEMENT ON THE NET. LESS FREQUENT INTERVALS MUST BE APPROVED THROUGH A VARIANCE REQUEST.
- D) NETS WILL BE MONITORED HOURLY ANYTIME THERE IS IN-STREAM DISTURBANCE.
- 2) SALVAGE: AS DESCRIBED BELOW, FISH TRAPPED WITHIN THE ISOLATED WORK AREA WILL BE CAPTURED TO MINIMIZE THE RISK OF INJURY, THEN RELEASED AT A SAFE SITE:
 - A) REMOVE AS MANY FISH AS POSSIBLE PRIOR TO DE-WATERING.
 - B) DURING DE-WATERING, ANY REMAINING FISH WILL BE COLLECTED BY HAND OR DIP NETS.
 - C) SEINES WITH A MESH SIZE TO ENSURE CAPTURE OF THE RESIDING ESA-LISTED FISH WILL BE USED.
 - D) MINNOW TRAPS WILL BE LEFT IN PLACE OVERNIGHT AND USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH SEINING.
 - E) IF BUCKETS ARE USED TO TRANSPORT FISH
 - I. THE TIME FISH ARE IN A TRANSPORT BUCKET WILL BE LIMITED, AND WILL BE RELEASED AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE;
 - II. THE NUMBER OF FISH WITHIN A BUCKET WILL BE LIMITED BASED ON SIZE, AND FISH WILL BE OF RELATIVELY COMPARABLE SIZE TO MINIMIZE PREDATION:
 - III. AERATORS FOR BUCKETS WILL BE USED OR THE BUCKET WATER WILL BE FREQUENTLY CHANGED WITH COLD CLEAR WATER AT 15 MINUTE OR MORE FREQUENT INTERVALS.
 - IV. BUCKETS WILL BE KEPT IN SHADED AREAS OR WILL BE COVERED BY A CANOPY IN EXPOSED AREAS.
 - V. DEAD FISH WILL NOT BE STORED IN TRANSPORT BUCKETS, BUT WILL BE LEFT ON THE STREAM BANK TO AVOID MORTALITY COUNTING ERRORS.
 - F) AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE (ESPECIALLY FOR TEMPERATURE-SENSITIVE BULL TROUT), FISH WILL BE RELEASED IN AN AREA THAT PROVIDES ADEQUATE COVER AND FLOW REFUGE. UPSTREAM RELEASE IS GENERALLY PREFERRED, BUT FISH RELEASED DOWNSTREAM WILL BE SUFFICIENTLY OUTSIDE OF THE INFLUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
 - G) SALVAGE WILL BE SUPERVISED BY A QUALIFIED FISHERIES BIOLOGIST EXPERIENCED WITH WORK AREA ISOLATION AND COMPETENT TO ENSURE THE SAFE HANDLING OF ALL FISH.
- 3) ELECTROFISHING: ELECTROFISHING WILL BE USED ONLY AFTER OTHER SALVAGE METHODS HAVE BEEN EMPLOYED OR WHEN OTHER MEANS OF FISH CAPTURE ARE DETERMINED TO NOT BE FEASIBLE OR EFFECTIVE. IF ELECTROFISHING WILL BE USED TO CAPTURE FISH FOR SALVAGE, THE SALVAGE OPERATION WILL BE LED BY AN EXPERIENCED FISHERIES BIOLOGIST AND THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WILL BE FOLLOWED:
 - A) THE NMFS'S ELECTROFISHING GUIDELINES (NMFS 2000).
 B) ONLY DIRECT CURRENT (DC) OR PULSED DIRECT CURRENT (PDC) WILL BE USED AND CONDUCTIVITY MUST BE TESTED.
 - I. IF CONDUCTIVITY IS LESS THAN 100 MS, VOLTAGE RANGES FROM 900 TO 1100 WILL BE USED.
 - II. FOR CONDUCTIVITY RANGES BETWEEN 100 TO 300 MS, VOLTAGE RANGES WILL BE 500 TO 800.
 - III. FOR CONDUCTIVITY GREATER THAN 300 MS, VOLTAGE WILL BE LESS THAN 400.
 - C) ELECTROFISHING WILL BEGIN WITH A MINIMUM PULSE WIDTH AND RECOMMENDED VOLTAGE AND THEN GRADUALLY INCREASE TO THE POINT WHERE FISH ARE IMMOBILIZED.
 - D) THE ANODE WILL NOT INTENTIONALLY CONTACT FISH.
 - E) ELECTROFISHING SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED WHEN THE WATER CONDITIONS ARE TURBID AND VISIBILITY IS POOR. THIS CONDITION MAY BE EXPERIENCED WHEN THE SAMPLER CANNOT SEE THE STREAM BOTTOM IN ONE FOOT OF WATER.
 - G) IF MORTALITY OR OBVIOUS INJURY (DEFINED AS DARK BANDS ON THE BODY, SPINAL DEFORMATIONS, DE-SCALING OF 25% OR MORE OF BODY, AND TORPIDITY OR INABILITY TO MAINTAIN UPRIGHT ATTITUDE AFTER SUFFICIENT RECOVERY TIME) OCCURS DURING ELECTROFISHING, OPERATIONS WILL BE IMMEDIATELY DISCONTINUED, MACHINE SETTINGS, WATER TEMPERATURE AND CONDUCTIVITY CHECKED, AND PROCEDURES ADJUSTED OR ELECTROFISHING POSTPONED TO REDUCE MORTALITY.
- 4) DEWATER: DEWATERING, WHEN NECESSARY, WILL BE CONDUCTED OVER A SUFFICIENT PERIOD OF TIME TO ALLOW SPECIES TO NATURALLY MIGRATE OUT OF THE WORK AREA, AND WILL BE LIMITED TO THE SHORTEST LINEAR EXTENT PRACTICABLE.
 - A) DIVERSION AROUND THE CONSTRUCTION SITE MAY BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH A COFFER DAM AND A BYPASS CULVERT OR PIPE, OR A LINED, NON-ERODIBLE DIVERSION DITCH. WHERE GRAVITY FEED IS NOT POSSIBLE, A PUMP MAY BE USED, BUT MUST BE OPERATED IN SUCH A WAY AS TO AVOID REPETITIVE DE-WATERING AND RE-WATERING OF THE SITE. IMPOUNDMENT BEHIND THE COFFERDAM MUST OCCUR SLOWLY THROUGH THE TRANSITION, WHILE CONSTANT FLOW IS DELIVERED TO THE DOWNSTREAM REACHES.

 B) ALL PUMPS WILL HAVE FISH SCREENS TO AVOID JUVENILE FISH IMPINGEMENT OR ENTRAINMENT, AND WILL BE OPERATED IN ACCORDANCE
 - B) ALL PUMPS WILL HAVE FISH SCREENS TO AVOID JUVENILE FISH IMPINGEMENT OR ENTRAINMENT, AND WILL BE OPERATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NMFS'S CURRENT FISH SCREEN CRITERIA (NMFS 20114, OR MOST RECENT VERSION). IF THE PUMPING RATE EXCEEDS 3 CUBIC FEET SECOND (CFS), A NMFS HYDRO FISH PASSAGE REVIEW WILL BE NECESSARY.
 - C) DISSIPATION OF FLOW ENERGY AT THE BYPASS OUTFLOW WILL BE PROVIDED TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO RIPARIAN VEGETATION OR STREAM CHANNEL.

 D) SAFE REENTRY OF FISH INTO THE STREAM CHANNEL WILL BE PROVIDED, PREFERABLY INTO POOL HABITAT WITH COVER, IF THE DIVERSION
 - ALLOWS FOR DOWNSTREAM FISH PASSAGE.

 E) SEPAGE WATER WILL BE PUMPED TO A TEMPORARY STORAGE AND TREATMENT SITE OR INTO UPLAND AREAS TO ALLOW WATER TO PERCOLATE THROUGH SOIL OR TO FILTER THROUGH VEGETATION PRIOR TO REENTERING THE STREAM CHANNEL.
- 5) RE-WATERING: UPON PROJECT COMPLETION, THE CONSTRUCTION SITE WILL BE SLOWLY RE-WATERED TO PREVENT LOSS OF SURFACE FLOW DOWNSTREAM AND TO PREVENT A SUDDEN INCREASE IN STREAM TURBIDITY. DURING RE-WATERING, THE SITE WILL BE MONITORED TO PREVENT STRANDING OF AQUATIC ORGANISMS BELOW THE CONSTRUCTION SITE.
- 6) SALVAGE NOTICE: MONITORING AND RECORDING OF FISH PRESENCE, HANDLING, AND MORTALITY MUST OCCUR DURING THE DURATION OF THE ISOLATION, SALVAGE, ELECTROFISHING, DEWATERING, AND REWATERING OPERATIONS. ONCE OPERATIONS ARE COMPLETED, A SALVAGE REPORT WILL DOCUMENT PROCEDURES USED, ANY FISH INJURIES OR DEATHS (INCLUDING NUMBERS OF FISH AFFECTED), AND CAUSES OF ANY DEATHS.

CONSTRUCTION AND POST-CONSTRUCTION CONSERVATION MEASURES FOR AQUATIC SPECIES

- 1) FISH PASSAGE: FISH PASSAGE WILL BE PROVIDED FOR ANY ADULT OR JUVENILE FISH LIKELY TO BE PRESENT IN THE ACTION AREA DURING CONSTRUCTION, UNLESS PASSAGE DID NOT EXIST BEFORE CONSTRUCTION OR THE STREAM IS NATURALLY IMPASSABLE AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. IF THE PROVISION OF TEMPORARY FISH PASSAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION WILL INCREASE NEGATIVE EFFECTS ON AQUATIC SPECIES OF INTEREST OR THEIR HABITAT, A VARIANCE CAN BE REQUESTED FROM THE NMFS BRANCH CHIEF AND THE FWS FIELD OFFICE SUPERVISOR (APPENDIX B OF THIS BO). PERTINENT INFORMATION, SUCH AS THE SPECIES AFFECTED, LENGTH OF STREAM REACH AFFECTED, PROPOSED TIME FOR THE PASSAGE BARRIER, AND ALTERNATIVES CONSIDERED, WILL BE INCLUDED IN THE VARIANCE REQUEST.
- 2) CONSTRUCTION AND DISCHARGE WATER:
- A) SURFACE WATER MAY BE DIVERTED TO MEET CONSTRUCTION NEEDS, BUT ONLY IF DEVELOPED SOURCES ARE UNAVAILABLE OR INADEQUATE. B) DIVERSIONS WILL NOT EXCEED 10% OF THE AVAILABLE FLOW.
- 6) ALL CONSTRUCTION DISCHARGE WATER WILL BE COLLECTED AND TREATED USING THE BEST AVAILABLE TECHNOLOGY APPLICABLE TO SITE
- D) TREATMENTS TO REMOVE DEBRIS, NUTRIENTS, SEDIMENT, PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS, METALS AND OTHER POLLUTANTS LIKELY TO BE
- 3) MINIMIZE TIME AND EXTENT OF DISTURBANCE: EARTHWORK (INCLUDING DRILLING, EXCAVATION, DREDGING, FILLING AND COMPACTING) IN WHICH MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT IS IN STREAM CHANNELS, RIPARIAN AREAS, AND WETLANDS WILL BE COMPLETED AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE. MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT WILL BE USED IN STREAMS ONLY WHEN PROJECT SPECIALISTS BELIEVE THAT SUCH ACTIONS ARE THE ONLY REASONABLE ALTERNATIVE FOR IMPLEMENTATION, OR WOULD RESULT IN LESS SEDIMENT IN THE STREAM CHANNEL OR DAMAGE (SHORT- OR LONG-TERM) TO THE OVERALL AQUATIC AND RIPARIAN ECOSYSTEM RELATIVE TO OTHER ALTERNATIVES. TO THE EXTENT FEASIBLE, MECHANIZED EQUIPMENT WILL WORK FROM THE TOP OF THE BANK, UNLESS WORK FROM ANOTHER LOCATION WOULD RESULT IN LESS HABITAT DISTURBANCE.
- 4) CESSATION OF WORK: PROJECT OPERATIONS WILL CEASE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:
- A) HIGH FLOW CONDITIONS THAT MAY RESULT IN INUNDATION OF THE PROJECT AREA, EXCEPT FOR EFFORTS TO AVOID OR MINIMIZE RESOURCE DAMAGE;
- B) WHEN ALLOWABLE WATER QUALITY IMPACTS, AS DEFINED BY THE STATE CWA SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION, HAVE BEEN EXCEEDED: OR
- C) WHEN "INCIDENTAL TAKE" LIMITATIONS HAVE BEEN REACHED OR EXCEEDED.
- 5) SITE RESTORATION: WHEN CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE:
- A) ALL STREAM BANKS, SOILS, AND VEGETATION WILL BE CLEANED UP AND RESTORED AS NECESSARY USING STOCKPILED LARGE WOOD, TOPSOIL, AND NATIVE CHANNEL MATERIAL.
- B) ALL PROJECT RELATED WASTE WILL BE REMOVED.
- C) ALL TEMPORARY ACCESS ROADS, CROSSINGS, AND STAGING AREAS WILL BE OBLITERATED. WHEN NECESSARY FOR RE-VEGETATION AND INFILTRATION OF WATER, COMPACTED AREAS OF SOIL WILL BE LOOSENED.
- D) ALL DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE REHABILITATED IN A MANNER THAT RESULTS IN SIMILAR OR IMPROVED CONDITIONS RELATIVE TO PRE-PROJECT CONDITIONS. THIS WILL BE ACHIEVED THROUGH REDISTRIBUTION OF STOCKPILED MATERIALS, SEEDING, AND/OR PLANTING WITH LOCAL NATIVE SEED MIXES OR PLANTS.
- 6) RE-VEGETATION: LONG-TERM SOIL STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED SITES WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH REESTABLISHMENT OF NATIVE VEGETATION USING THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
- A) PLANTING AND SEEDING WILL OCCUR PRIOR TO OR AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FIRST GROWING SEASON AFTER CONSTRUCTION.
- B) AN APPROPRIATE MIX OF SPECIES THAT WILL ACHIEVE ESTABLISHMENT, SHADE, AND EROSION CONTROL OBJECTIVES, PREFERABLY FORB,
- GRASS, SHRUB, OR TREE SPECIES NATIVE TO THE PROJECT AREA OR REGION AND APPROPRIATE TO THE SITE WILL BE USED.

 C) VEGETATION, SUCH AS WILLOW, SEDGE AND RUSH MATS, WILL BE SALVAGED FROM DISTURBED OR ABANDONED FLOOD PLAINS, STREAM
- C) VEGETATION, SUCH AS WILLOW, SEDGE AND RUSH MATS, WILL BE SALVAGED FROM DISTURBED OR ABANDONED FLOOD PLAINS, STREAM CHANNELS, OR WETLANDS.

 D) INVASIVE SPECIES WILL NOT BE USED.
- E) SHORT-TERM STABILIZATION MEASURES MAY INCLUDE THE USE OF NON-NATIVE STERILE SEED MIX (WHEN NATIVE SEEDS ARE NOT AVAILABLE), WEED-FREE CERTIFIED STRAW, JUTE MATTING, AND OTHER SIMILAR TECHNIQUES.
- F) SURFACE FERTILIZER WILL NOT BE APPLIED WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY STREAM CHANNEL, WATER BODY, OR WETLAND.

 G) FENCING WILL BE INSTALLED AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT ACCESS TO RE-VEGETATED SITES BY LIVESTOCK OR UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS.
- G) FENCING WILL BE INSTALLED AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT ACCESS TO RE-VEGETATED SITES BY LIVESTOCK OR UNAUTHORIZED PERSON H) RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION IN DISTURBED AREAS WILL ACHIEVE AT LEAST 70% OF PRE-PROJECT CONDITIONS WITHIN 3 YEARS.
- H) RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION IN DISTURBED AREAS WILL ACHIEVE AT LEAST 70% OF PRE-PROJECT CONDITIONS WITHIN 3 YEAR

 I) INVASIVE PLANTS WILL BE REMOVED OR CONTROLLED UNTIL NATIVE PLANT SPECIES ARE WELL ESTABLISHED (TYPICALLY 3 YEARS
- 7) IMPLEMENTATION MONITORING: PROJECT SPONSOR STAFF OR THEIR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE WILL PROVIDE IMPLEMENTATION MONITORING TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE BIOLOGICAL OPINION, INCLUDING:
- A) GENERAL CONSERVATION MEASURES ARE ADEQUATELY FOLLOWED; AND
- B) EFFECTS TO LISTED SPECIES ARE NOT GREATER THAN PREDICTED AND INCIDENTAL TAKE LIMITATIONS ARE NOT EXCEEDED.
- 8) CWA SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION: THE PROJECT SPONSOR OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE WILL COMPLETE AND RECORD WATER QUALITY OBSERVATIONS TO ENSURE THAT IN-WATER WORK IS NOT DEGRADING WATER QUALITY. DURING CONSTRUCTION, CWA SECTION 401 WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION PROVISIONS PROVIDED BY THE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY, WASHINGTON DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY, OR IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WILL BE FOLLOWED. TURBIDITY MONITORING SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HIP III TURBIDITY MONITORING PROTOCOL OUTLINED BELOW AND RECORDED ON THE PROJECT COMPLETION FORM.

TURBIDITY MONITORING PROTOCOL

THE PROJECT SPONSOR SHALL COMPLETE AND RECORD THE FOLLOWING WATER QUALITY OBSERVATIONS TO ENSURE THAT ANY INCREASE IN SUSPENDED SEDIMENT DOES NOT EXCEED THE LIMIT FOR HIP III COMPLIANCE. RECORDS SHALL BE REPORTED ON THE HIP III PROJECT COMPLETION FORM (PNF).

- 1) TAKE A BACKGROUND TURBIDITY SAMPLE USING AN APPROPRIATELY AND FREQUENTLY CALIBRATED TURBIDIMETER IN ACCORD WITH MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS, OR A VISUAL TURBIDITY OBSERVATION, EVERY 2 HOURS WHILE WORK IS BEING IMPLEMENTED, OR MORE OFTEN IF TURBIDITY DISTURBANCES VARY GREATLY, TO ENSURE THAT THE IN-WATER WORK AREA IS NOT CONTRIBUTING VISIBLE SEDIMENT TO THE WATER COLUMN. THE BACKGROUND SAMPLES OR OBSERVATIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN AT A RELATIVELY UNDISTURBED AREA APPROXIMATELY 100 FEET UPSTREAM FROM THE PROJECT AREA. RECORD THE OBSERVATION, LOCATION, AND TIME BEFORE MONITORING AT THE DOWNSTREAM POINT.
- 2) TAKE A SECOND SAMPLE OR OBSERVATION, IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH UPSTREAM SAMPLE OR OBSERVATION, APPROXIMATELY 50 FEET DOWNSTREAM FROM THE PROJECT AREA IN STREAMS THAT ARE 30 FEET WIDE OR LESS; 100 FEET DOWNSTREAM FROM THE PROJECT AREA FOR STREAMS BETWEEN 30 AND 100 FEET WIDE; 200 FEET DOWNSTREAM FROM THE PROJECT AREA FOR STREAMS GREATER THAN 100 FEET WIDE; AND 300 FEET FROM THE DISCHARGE POINT OR NON-POINT SOURCE FOR AREAS SUBJECT TO TIDAL OR COASTAL SCOUR. RECORD THE DOWNSTREAM OBSERVATION, LOCATION, AND TIME.
- 3) COMPARE THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM OBSERVATIONS/SAMPLES. IF OBSERVED OR MEASURED TURBIDITY DOWNSTREAM IS MORE THAN UPSTREAM OBSERVATION OR MEASUREMENT (> 10%), THE ACTIVITY MUST BE MODIFIED TO REDUCE TURBIDITY. IF VISUAL ESTIMATES ARE USED, AN OBVIOUS DIFFERENCE BETWEEN UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM OBSERVATIONS SHALL BEAR THE ASSUMPTION OF A (> 10%) DIFFERENCE. CONTINUE TO MONITOR EVERY 2 HOURS AS LONG AS IN-STREAM ACTIVITY CONTINUES.
- 4) IF THE EXCEEDANCE CONTINUES AFTER THE SECOND MONITORING INTERVAL (AFTER 4 HOURS), THE ACTIVITY MUST STOP UNTIL THE TURBIDITY LEVEL RETURNS TO BACKGROUND, AND THE EC LEAD MUST BE NOTIFIED WITHIN 48 HOURS. THE EC LEAD SHALL DOCUMENT THE REASONS FOR THE EXCEEDANCE, CORRECTIVE MEASURES TAKEN, NOTIFY THE LOCAL NMFS BRANCH CHIEF AND/OR USFWS FIELD SUPERVISOR AND SEEK RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 5) IF AT ANY TIME, MONITORING, INSPECTIONS, OR OBSERVATIONS/SAMPLES SHOW THAT THE TURBIDITY CONTROLS ARE INEFFECTIVE, IMMEDIATELY MOBILIZE WORK CREWS TO REPAIR, REPLACE, OR REINFORCE CONTROL AS NECESSARY.





Estuary
Partnership
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GIBBONS CREEK

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GENERAL

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VATION

Project No.: 20160012

TEMPORARY EROSION, SEDIMENT, AND POLLUTANT CONTROL (TESC) NOTES

(SEE INDIVIDUAL PLAN SHEETS FOR LOCATIONS OF TESC ITEMS.)

- 1. EROSION, SEDIMENT AND POLLUTANT CONTROL IS REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 2. PREPARE A TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN (TESC) BEFORE BEGINNING WORK. KEEP A COPY OF THE TESC ON SITE AT ALL TIMES DURING THE PROJECT.
- PREPARE A SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURES (SPCC) PLAN PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, KEEP THIS ON SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- 6. SELECT BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs) FROM THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS: 1) THE WSDOT TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MANUAL (KEEP ON-SITE AT ALL TIMES) 2)THE STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS AND 3) THE PROJECT SPECIAL PROVISIONS.
- 7. THE TESC FACILITIES SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR THE ANTICIPATED SITE AND SEASONAL CONDITIONS. UPGRADE THESE FACILITIES TO ADDRESS CHANGING WORK OR WEATHER CONDITIONS.
- 8. INSTALL, MONITOR, REPLACE AND UPGRADE AS NECESSARY ALL FACILITIES AND MEASURES. PERFORM MAINTENANCE TO ENSURE CONTINUED FUNCTIONING.
- 9. THE TESC PLAN FACILITIES AND MEASURES MUST BE INSPECTED DAILY BY THE CONTRACTOR AND MAINTAINED AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE THEIR CONTINUED FUNCTION.
- 10. COMPLETE AN EROSION CONTROL MONITORING FORM AFTER EACH INSPECTION. INCLUDE THE INSPECTION DATE AND TIME. RETAIN THESE COMPLETED FORMS ON SITE AND PROVIDE THEM UPON REQUEST.
- 11. NO VISIBLE AND MEASURABLE SEDIMENT OR POLLUTANT SHALL EXIT THE SITE, ENTER A PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY OR BE DEPOSITED INTO ANY WATER BODY OR STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM.
- 12. FOLLOWING A STORM EVENT, INSPECT AND ADJUST, REPAIR, IMPROVE OR REPLACE ALL DEFICIENT OR FAILING FACILITIES AND MEASURES.
- 13. STABILIZE ALL EXPOSED SOIL IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING GROUND DISTURBING ACTIVITY.
- 14. ANY STOCKPILED SOIL MUST BE SECURED AND PROTECTED THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT WITH SOIL STABILIZATION MEASURES INCLUDING SEDIMENT BARRIERS AND PLASTIC SHEETING.
- 15. REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FACILITIES AFTER THE PROJECT IS COMPLETED AND ACCEPTED.
- 16. PROTECT TREES AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO WORK AREAS. RESTORE IMPACTED AREAS TO EXISTING CONDITIONS AS DIRECTED BY OWNER OR OPR.
- 17. INSTALL TURBIDITY CURTAINS ALONG THE PROJECT EXTENTS AND STEIGERWALD LAKE TO COLUMBIA RIVER AT ELEV 16 THE APPROX SUMMER HIGH WATER LEVEL.
- 18. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL TESC PLAN FACILITIES AFTER SITE IS STABILIZED AND UPON APPROVAL OF OWNER OR OPR.





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GIBBONS

Estuary Partnersh

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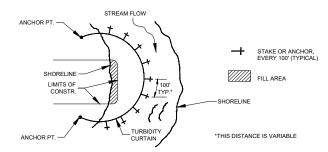
O SCALE

ESC NOTES & IN-WATER WORK WINDOW

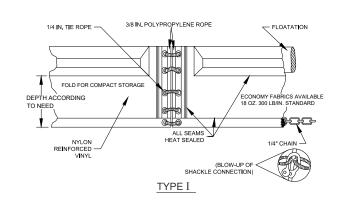
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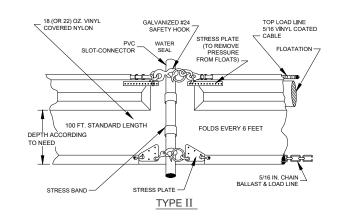
Project No.: 20160012

TYPICAL LAYOUTS: STREAMS,PONDS & LAKES (PROTECTED & NON-TIDAL)

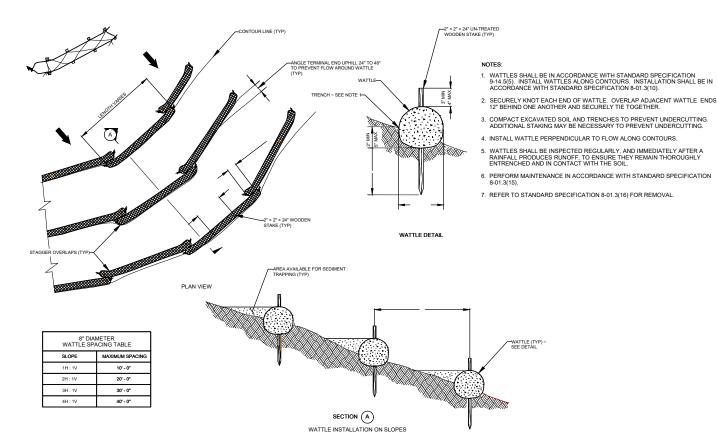


PLAN





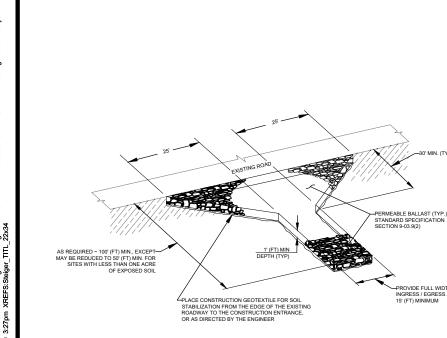
2 TURBIDITY CURTAIN NTS



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MISC ESC DETAILS

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Estuary
Partnership
CREEK RESTORATION PROJECT

REVISION NUMBER

GIBBONS

Date 5/1/2019 Designed By AD Drawn By BS,RW,AD CL

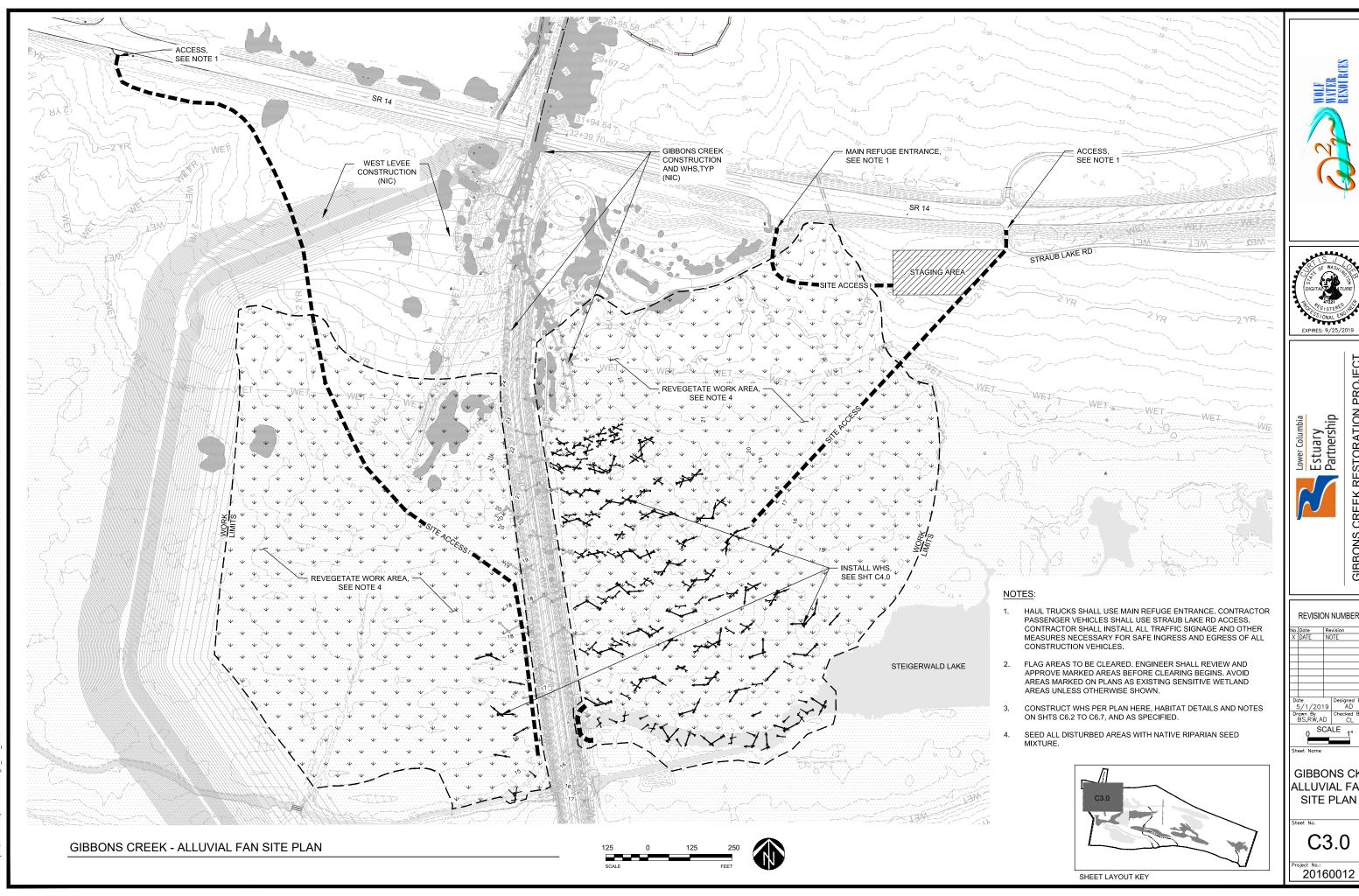
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ESC NOTES AND DETAILS

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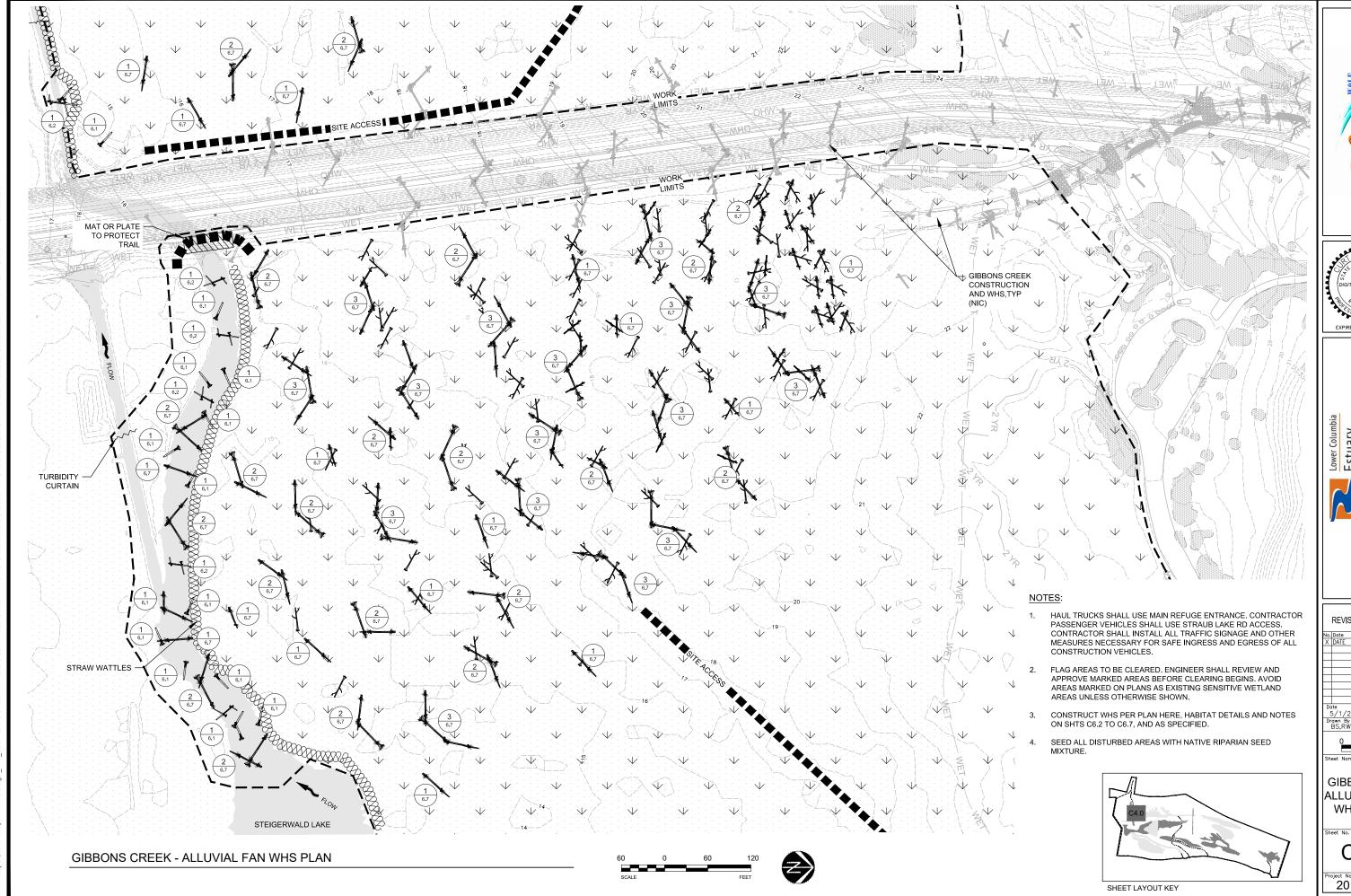


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GIBBONS CK ALLUVIAL FAN SITE PLAN

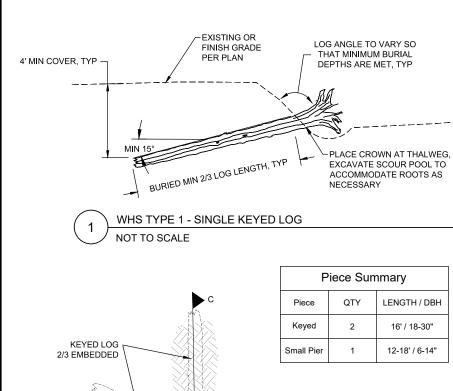




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GIBBONS CK ALLUVIAL FAN WHS PLAN



Piece Summary QTY LENGTH / DBH Piece Keyed 16' / 18-30"

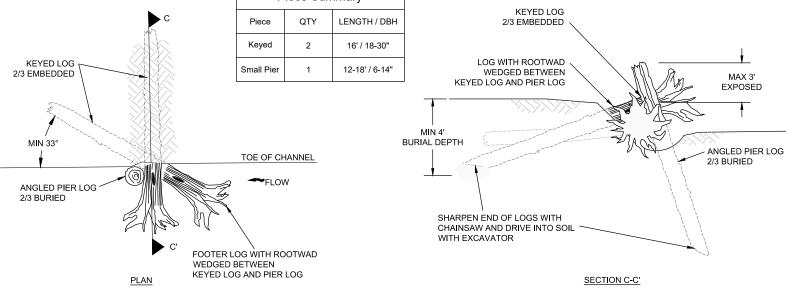
FINISH GRADE PER PLAN LOG ANGLE TO VARY SO THAT MINIMUM BURIAL DEPTHS ARE MET, TYP 4' MIN COVER, TYP BURIED MIN 2/3 LOG LENGTH, TYP

-EXISTING OR

Piece Summary QTY LENGTH / DBH Keyed 16' / 18-30"

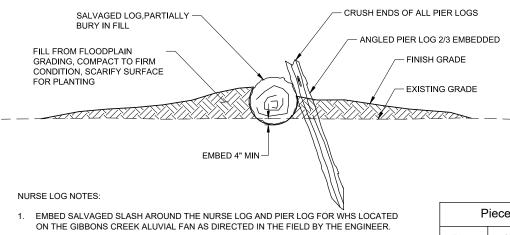
WHS TYPE 2 - KEYED LOG WITH FOOTER LOG

NOT TO SCALE

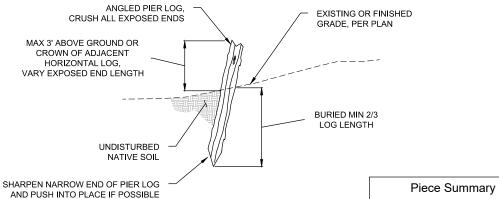


WHS TYPE 3 - KEYED LOG WITH FOOTER LOG AND PIER LOG

NOT TO SCALE



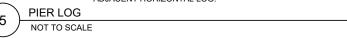
	EMBED SALVAGED SLASH AROUND THE NURSE LOG AND PIER LOG FOR WHS LOCATED ON THE GIBBONS CREEK ALUVIAL FAN AS DIRECTED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER.	Piece Summary		
		Piece	QTY	LENGTH / DBH
-	WHS TYPE 4 - FLOODPLAIN NURSE LOG NOT TO SCALE	Salvage Log	1	15-25' / 10-24"
		Small Pier	1	12-18' / 6-14"



ANGLED WITHIN 30° OF VERTICAL LENGTH / DBH QTY Piece 12-18' / 6-14" Small Pier PIER LOG DETAIL Large Pier 12-18' / 16-24"

PIER LOG NOTES:

- ALL PIER LOGS TO BE ANGLED WITHIN 10°-30° OF VERTICAL. VARY ANGLE OF PIER LOGS TO LOOK NATURAL.
- 2. PIER LOGS SHALL BE USED TO PIN ADJACENT LOGS.
- 3. PIER LOG HEIGHTS TO VARY FROM 2' TO 3' MAX ABOVE GROUND OR ADJACENT HORIZONTAL LOG.







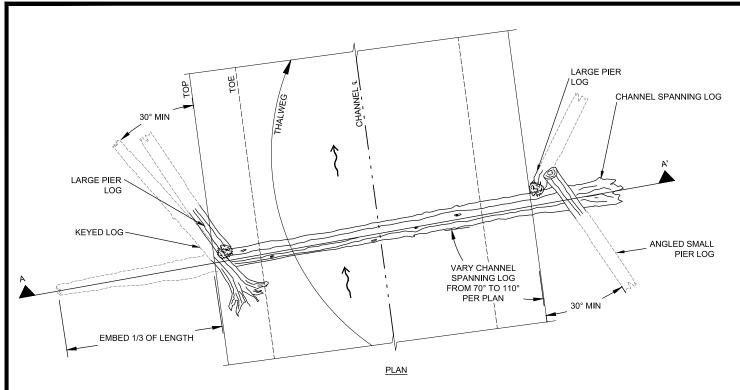
Estuary Partnership CREEK GIBBONS

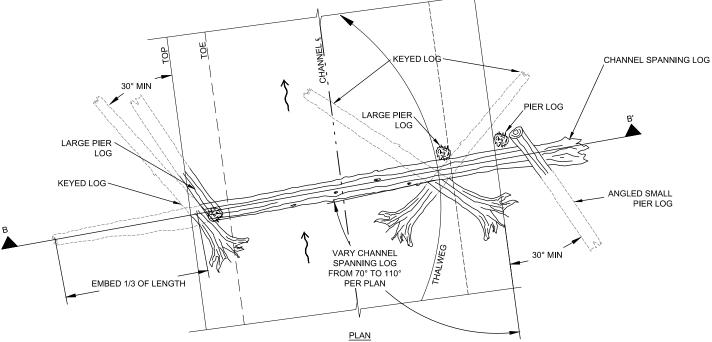
REVISION NUMBER 0 Designed By 5/1/2019 AD Checked By Checked By Drawn By BS,RW,AD SCALE

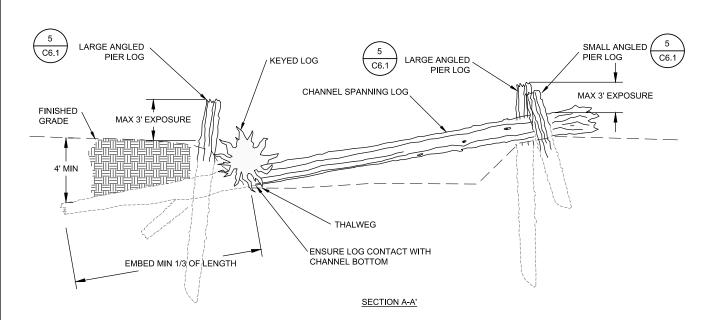
HABITAT DETAILS 1

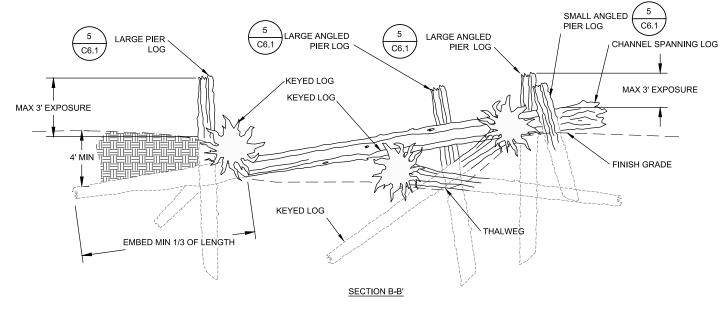
C6.1











WHS TYPE 5 - SIMPLE CHANNEL SPANNING NOT TO SCALE

LOG INSTALLATION NOTES:

- SELECT NATIVE BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED IN 12" LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO FIRM, UNYIELDING CONDITION.
- 2. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE LOG PLACEMENT WITH ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE PLACEMENT BEFORE COMPLETION.
- ALL LOGS SHALL BE DRIVEN INTO THE GROUND WITHOUT EXCAVATION. SHARPEN ENDS OF LOGS WITH A CHAINSAW AND DRIVE SHARPENED END INTO THE GROUND AT THE ANGLES AND BURIAL DEPTHS SHOWN IN
- IF DRIVING TO REQUIRED DEPTHS IS NOT POSSIBLE, LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED BY EXCAVATING A TRENCH, PLACING THE LOG, BACKFILLING, AND MACHINE COMPACTING BACKFILL PER SPECIFICATIONS.
- EMBED KEYED LOGS A MINIMUM OF % THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE LOG. EMBED SPANNING LOG MIN % ITS TOTAL
- EMBED ROOTWAD AS NEEDED TO ACHIEVE REQUIRED BURIAL DEPTH AND ALLOW FOR FULL CONTACT BETWEEN THE BOTTOM OF THE LOG AND THE BOTTOM OF THE CHANNEL. BACKFILL AROUND ROOTWAD WITH
- 7. SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR TREE SPECIES. KEYED LOG DIAMETER MEASURED AT BREAST HEIGHT (DBH) AND LENGTH AS SHOWN ON PLANS (SHT C6.8).
- CRUSH ALL EXPOSED SAW-CUT PIER PIECES AFTER DRIVING.
- REFER TO DETAIL 5 ON C6.1 WHEN INSTALLING PIER LOGS.

WHS TYPE 6 - COMPLEX CHANNEL SPANNING WOOD STRUCTURE

NOT TO SCALE

WHS TYPE 5

Piece Summary			
Piece	QTY	LENGTH / DBH	
Keyed	1	16' / 18-30"	
Channel Spanning	1	40' / 16-24"	
Small Pier	1	12-18' / 6-14"	
Large Pier	2	12-18' / 16-24"	

WHS TYPE 6

Piece Summary			
Piece	QTY	LENGTH / DBH	
Keyed	3	16' / 18-30"	
Channel Spanning	1	40' / 16-24"	
Small Pier	1	12-18' / 6-14"	
Large Pier	3	12-18' / 16-24"	





CREEK GIBBONS

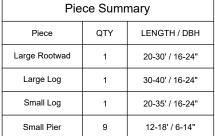
REVISION NUMBER 5/1/2019 AD Checked By SCALE HABITAT **DETAILS 2**

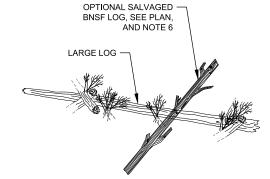
C6.2





	Piece Summary		
- PRESS ROOTWAD INTO THE	Piece	QTY	LENGTH / DBH
GROUND UNTIL LOG STEM IS IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL	Large Rootwad	1	20-30' / 16-24"
	Large Log	1	30-40' / 16-24"
	Small Log	1	20-35' / 16-24"
— LARGE LOG	Small Pier	9	12-18' / 6-14"





WHS TYPE 11 - ALLUVIAL FAN STRUCTURE - SINGLE LOGS

PIN LARGE LOGS WITH SMALL -

SMALL LOG

PIER LOG ON BOTH ENDS (9) PIER LOGS TOTAL

WHS TYPE 13 - ALLUVIAL FAN STRUCTURE - 3 LOGS

SEE NOTE 5

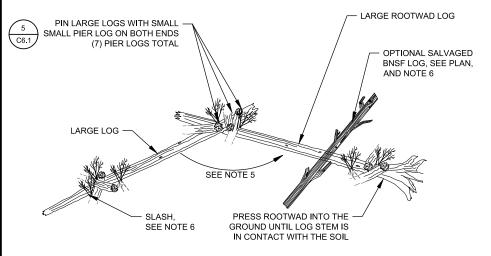
LARGE ROOTWAD LOG

OPTIONAL SALVAGED BNSF LOG, SEE PLAN, AND NOTE 6

NOT TO SCALE

OPTIONAL SALVAGED BNSF LOG, SEE PLAN,

AND NOTE 6



Piece Summary			
Piece	QTY	LENGTH / DBH	
Large Rootwad Log	1	35-50' / 16-24"	
Large Log	1	30-40' / 16-24"	
Small Pier	7	12-18' / 6-14"	

WHS TYPE 12 - ALLUVIAL FAN STRUCTURE - 2 LOGS

NOT TO SCALE

NOT TO SCALE

LOG INSTALLATION NOTES:

1. SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR TREE SPECIES TO USE FOR KEYED LOG. KEYED LOG DIAMETER MEASURED AT BREAST HEIGHT (DBH) AND LENGTH AS SHOWN ON PLANS.

- 2. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE LOG PLACEMENT WITH ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ENGINEER SHALL APPROVE PLACEMENT BEFORE COMPLETION.
- ALL LOGS SHALL BE DRIVEN INTO THE GROUND WITHOUT EXCAVATION. SHARPEN ENDS OF LOGS WITH A CHAINSAW AND DRIVE SHARPENED END INTO THE GROUND AT THE ANGLES AND BURIAL DEPTHS SHOWN
- 4. IF DRIVING TO REQUIRED DEPTHS IS NOT POSSIBLE, LOGS SHALL BE INSTALLED BY EXCAVATING A TRENCH, PLACING THE LOG, BACKFILLING, AND MACHINE COMPACTING BACKFILL PER SPECIFICATIONS.
- VARY LOG ANGLES APPROX 10°± FROM THOSE SHOWN TO ACHIEVE NATURALLY VARYING LOG STRUCTURES AND TO FACILITATE ROW PLANTINGS AND MAINTENANCE.
- WEDGE SLASH AND SMALL WOODY DEBRIS BELOW LOGS IN NATURALLY VARYING MANNER, PER FIELD DIRECTION OF ENGINEER. PLACE SALVAGED BNSF LOGS BELOW PINNED LOGS PER SHEET C4.0 TO C4.2 AND AS FIELD DIRECTED BY ENGINEER.



CREEK

GIBBONS

REVISION NUMBER

 Date
 Designed By

 5/1/2019
 AD

 Drawn By BS,RW,AD
 Checked By CL
 SCALE

HABITAT **DETAILS 7**

C6.7